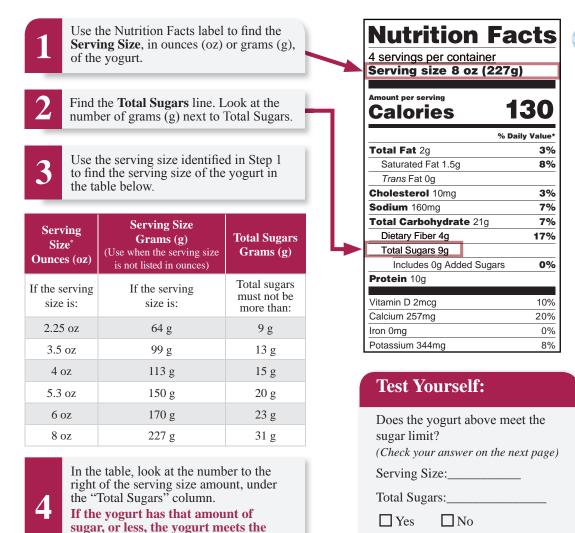


Choose Yogurts That Are Lower in Sugar

All yogurts served in the Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP) must not have more than **23 grams of sugar** per 6 ounces.

There are many types of yogurt that meet this sugar limit. It is easy to find them by using the Nutrition Facts label and following the steps below.





TIP: If the serving size says "one container," check the front of the package to see how many ounces or grams are in the container.

*Serving sizes here refer to those commonly found for store-bought yogurts. Homemade yogurt is not creditable in the CACFP.

sugar limit.





Try It Out!

Use the "Sugar Limits in Yogurt" table below to help find yogurts you can serve at your site. Write down your favorite brands and other information in the "Yogurts To Serve in the CACFP" list. You can use this as a shopping list when buying yogurts to serve in your program.

Sugar Limits in Yogurt

Serving Size Ounces (oz)	Serving Size Grams (g) (Use when the serving size is not listed in ounces)	Total Sugars Grams (g)	Serving Size Ounces (oz)	Serving Size Grams (g) (Use when the serving size is not listed in ounces)	Total Sugars Grams (g)
If the serving size is:	If the serving size is:	Total sugars must not be more than:	If the serving size is:	If the serving size is:	Total sugars must not be more than:
1 oz	28 g	4 g	4.75 oz	135 g	18 g
1.25 oz	35 g	5 g	5 oz	142 g	19 g
1.5 oz	43 g	6 g	5.25 oz	149 g	20 g
1.75 oz	50 g	7 g	5.3 oz	150 g	20 g
2 oz	57 g	8 g	5.5 oz	156 g	21 g
2.25 oz	64 g	9 g	5.75 oz	163 g	22 g
2.5 oz	71 g	10 g	6 oz	170 g	23 g
2.75 oz	78 g	11 g	6.25 oz	177 g	24 g
3 oz	85 g	11 g	6.5 oz	184 g	25 g
3.25 oz	92 g	12 g	6.75 oz	191 g	26 g
3.5 oz	99 g	13 g	7 oz	198 g	27 g
3.75 oz	106 g	14 g	7.25 oz	206 g	28 g
4 oz	113 g	15 g	7.5 oz	213 g	29 g
4.25 oz	120 g	16 g	7.75 oz	220 g	30 g
4.5 oz	128 g	17 g	8 oz	227 g	31 g

Yogurts To Serve in the CACFP*

Yogurt Brand	Flavor	Serving Size (oz or g)	Total Sugars (g):
Yummy Yogurt	Vanilla	6 oz	13

*The amount of sugar in a yogurt might change. Even if you always buy the same brands and flavors of yogurt, be sure to check the serving size and amount of total sugars on the Nutrition Facts label to make sure they match what you have written in the list above.

Answer to "Test Yourself" activity on page 1: This yogurt has 9 grams of total sugars per 8 ounces (227 grams). The maximum amount of total sugars allowed in 8 ounces of yogurt is 31 grams. 9 is less than 31, so this yogurt meets the sugar limit.



Food and Nutrition Service

Adding Whole Grains to Your Child and Adult Care Food Program Menu

Whole grain-rich foods are an important part of your menu in the Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP). Foods that are whole grain-rich are filled with vitamins, minerals, fiber, and other nutrients that help kids and adults stay healthy.

How often do I have to serve whole grains in the CACFP?

Each day, at least one of the grain components of a meal or snack must be "whole grain-rich." Whole grain-rich food items must be offered at least once per day, not once per meal/snack. In the CACFP, whole grain-rich means that at least half the grain ingredients in a food are whole grains, and any remaining grains are enriched grains, bran, or germ. This is required for CACFP child and adult meal patterns only. There is no whole grain-rich requirement for infants.

If you serve meals and snacks to the same group of children or adults during the day:

 Serve whole grain-rich items for the grain component at one of the meals or snack each day.

If you serve meals and snacks to different groups of children or adults during the same day (for example, morning and afternoon sessions):

 Serve whole grain-rich items for the grain component to one of the groups of children or adults each day.

If you serve only snacks:

✓ You do not have to serve a grain component at snack. But if you do, it must be whole grain-rich. If you serve only breakfast and want to serve a meat or meat alternate:

✓ You do not need to serve a grain, because you are replacing the grain component with a meat or meat alternate. You may do this up to three times per week. On the days when a meat or meat alternate is not served, you must serve whole grain-rich items for the grain component. If you decide to serve a grain as an "extra" food that does not count toward the CACFP meal pattern requirements, then the grain does not have to be whole grain-rich.

If your at-risk afterschool site or adult day care serves breakfast, lunch, or supper using Offer Versus Serve:

✓ All grain items offered at the meal you wish to count towards the whole grain-rich requirement must be whole grain-rich.



Can I serve a grain-based dessert if it is whole grain-rich?

Grain-based desserts, even those made with whole grains, cannot count towards the grain component of a CACFP meal or snack. There are many other tasty whole grain-rich foods that you can add to your menus.

More training, menu planning, and nutrition education materials for the CACFP can be found at **https://teamnutrition.usda.gov**.



What are some ways to serve whole grain-rich foods at meals and snacks?

The requirement is that whole grain-rich food items must be offered at least once per day. But, you may choose to offer whole grain-rich food items more often. Check out these easy ways to serve whole grain-rich foods:

Breakfast Snacks Lunch/Supper Oatmeal* □ Whole Grain-Rich Crackers □ Whole-Wheat Macaroni or Spaghetti □ Whole Grain-Rich Pancakes or Waffles □ Whole Grain-Rich Pita Triangles Brown Rice Toast Made with Whole-Wheat Bread □ Whole Grain-Rich Cereal Mix* **Quinoa** □ Whole Grain-Rich Pretzels Whole Grain-Rich English Muffin, Bulgur Bagel, or Biscuit □ Rice Cakes Made with Brown Rice □ Wild Rice □ Whole Grain-Rich Muffin □ Whole Grain-Rich Banana Bread □ Whole-Wheat Bun or Roll Whole Grain-Rich Cereal* □ Whole Grain-Rich Chips □ Whole Grain-Rich Pizza Crust □ Whole Grain-Rich Tortilla

*Cereal must meet CACFP sugar limits.

How can I share information about whole grain-rich foods on my menu?

Some easy ways CACFP providers are highlighting whole grains on their menus include:



Writing "whole wheat" or "WW" in front of an item on the menu, such as "whole-wheat bread" or "WW bread."



Adding a fun grain icon or picture next to whole grain-rich foods.



Placing a check in a checkbox to show that a food is whole grain-rich.

There are no Federal CACFP requirements that you label which foods are whole grain-rich on your menu. Check with your State agency or sponsoring organization to see what they require. Highlighting whole grain-rich foods on your menu communicates to families how you are providing nutritious foods to their loved ones. Families may see this as a sign of the quality of meals and snacks you are offering.

Try It Out!

Look at the menus for three CACFP sites below. Which menus meet the CACFP requirement for whole grain-rich?

Menu 1

Served at a child care center that serves one group of children in the morning and another in the afternoon

Breakfast: Chopped strawberries, whole grain-rich waffles, 1% milk

Lunch: Baked chicken,1% milk, broccoli, orange wedges, white rice

Snack: Apple slices and string cheese

Menu 2

Served at an at-risk afterschool center that only serves snack

Shack: Enriched pretzels and hummus (bean dip)

Menu 3

Served at an at-risk afterschool center that only serves snack

Snack: Celery sticks and sunflower seed butter

Answer Key: Menus I and 3 meet the CACFP requirement for whole grain-rich. Menu 2 does not meet the CACFP meal pattern requirement for whole grain-rich. Because the center only serves snacks, any grains served at snack must be whole grain-rich. The pretzels in this snack are enriched, not whole grain-rich, so this snack does not meet the requirement.

FNS-650 August 2018

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The USDA CACFP requires that at least one serving of grains each day contains a whole grain-rich component. Foods that meet the whole grain-rich criteria are foods that contain at least 50% whole grains and the remaining grains in the food are enriched, or are 100% whole grain.

Here are a few ways to help identify if a product is whole grain-rich. As long as the product meets **AT LEAST ONE OF THESE SIX METHODS**, described below, it is considered whole grain-rich.

FOOD IS LABELED WHOLE WHEAT & MEETS FDA'S STANDARD OF IDENTITY

Certain bread and pasta products specifically labeled "Whole Wheat" on the package and which conform to an FDA Standard of Identity can be considered whole grain-rich.

An **FDA STANDARD OF IDENTITY** is a set of rules for what a certain product must contain or may contain to legally be labeled with that product name.

ONLY breads and pastas with these exact product names conform to FDA's Standard of Identity and can be considered whole grain-rich using this method:

BREADS

- ...
- whole wheat breadentire wheat bread
- graham bread
- whole wheat rolls
- entire wheat rolls
- graham rolls
- whole wheat bunsentire wheat buns
- graham buns
 - buns •

PASTAS

whole wheat macaroni

WGR¹

- whole wheat spaghetti
- whole wheat vermicelli
- whole wheat macaroni product

TEXASWIC

APPROVED FOODS SHOPPING GUIDE



NOTE: Manufacturers may label their food with similar terms to FDA's Standard of Identity. Watch for terms such as, "whole grain," "made with whole grain," "made with whole wheat," or "contains whole grains." These terms do not indicate an FDA Standard of Identity for whole wheat products.

FOOD IS FOUND ON ANY STATE AGENCY'S WIC-APPROVED WHOLE GRAIN FOOD LIST



The product is found on **ANY** State agency's Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC)–approved whole grain food list. Any grain product found on a State agency's WIC–approved whole grain food list meets CACFP whole grain-rich criteria.

NOTE: Complete product guides identifying all WIC creditable food products can be found on State agency websites.











One of the following FDA statements is included on the labeling:

"Diets rich in whole grain foods and other plant foods and low in total fat, saturated fat, and cholesterol may reduce the risk of heart disease and some cancers."

"Diets rich in whole grain foods and other plant foods, and low in saturated fat and cholesterol, may help reduce the risk of heart disease."

FNS is allowing the FDA whole grain health claims to be sufficient documentation to demonstrate compliance with the whole grain-rich criteria in the CACFP, **ONLY**.





RULE OF THREE

The first ingredient (second if after water) must be whole grain, and the next two <u>grain</u> ingredients (if any) must be whole grains, enriched grains, bran, or germ. Any grain derivatives may be disregarded. Any non-creditable grain ingredients that are labeled 2% or less are considered insignificant and may also be disregarded.

(reference NCA's Identifying Grain Ingredients for list of creditable grains)

#1 Whole Grain 2nd Grain Ingredient
INGREDIENTS: Whole Wheat Flour, Enriched Wheat Flour (Flour, Niacin, Reduced

Iron, Thiamine Mononitrate, Riboflavin, Folic Acid), Vegetable Oils (Canola And/ Or Sunflower), Cheddar Cheese ([Cultured Milk, Salt, Enzymes], Annatto), Salt, Contains 2 Percent Or Less Of: Yeast Extract, Natural Flavor, Paprika, Spices (Celery), Baking Soda, Monocalcium Phosphate, Dehydrated Onions, Annatto Extract For Color. CONTAINS: WHEAT, MILK

There is no 3rd grain ingredient.

DISREGARDED INGREDIENTS

Disregarded ingredients may be ignored, as these ingredients are not included in the rule of three. Grains that can be disregarded are either:

1. Any grain derivatives, such as wheat gluten, wheat starch, wheat dextrin, corn starch, corn dextrin, rice starch, tapioca starch, or modified food starch.

2. Any grain ingredients that are listed as "less than 2%..." of the product weight.

#1 Whole Grain	Grain Derivative
INGREDIENTS Whole Wheat Flour, Filtered Water,	, Vital Wheat Gluten,
Brown Sugar. Contains <mark>2% Or Less</mark> Of The Followi	ng: <mark>Wheat Fiber</mark> ,
Cultured Wheat Starch, Vinegar, Inulin, Yeast, Oat	Fiber, Soypean Oil,
Salt, Soy Lecithin, Barley Malt Powder, Enzyme Ble	end (Whea Flour,
Dextrose, Natural Enzymes), Ascorbic Acid.	



vens

USDA u

Whole Grain Resource for the National School Lunch and School Breakfast Programs



FOOD MEETS THE WHOLE GRAIN-RICH CRITERIA UNDER THE NSLP

Use of the National School Lunch Program whole grain-rich criteria may ease menu planning and purchasing for at-risk afterschool or CACFP child care programs. The NSLP whole grain-rich criteria apply for all grain products with the exception of grain-based desserts, which are not creditable under CACFP.

MANUFACTURER DOCUMENTATION OR STANDARDIZED RECIPE

Proper documentation from a manufacturer or a standardized recipe can also demonstrate that whole grains are the primary grain ingredient by weight.

#1 Whole Grain

Vitamin E (Mixed Tocopherols) Added to Preserve Freshness.

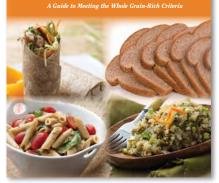
INGREDIENTS: Whole Grain Oats, Corn Starch, Sugar, Salt, Tripotassium Phosphate.

VITAMINS AND MINERALS: Calcium Carbonate, Iron and Zinc (Mineral Nutrients).

Vitamin C (Sodium Ascorbate), a B Vitamin (Niacinamide), Vitamin B6 (Pyridoxine

Hydrc chloride), Vitamin A (Palmitate), Vitamin B1 (Thiamin Mononitrate), a B

WGR⁵



Available to download at cacfp.org and the USDA FNS website.

WGR⁶

This guide is meant to be used to identify CACFP Creditable **WHOLE GRAIN-RICH** products.

What about cereal?

If a ready-to-eat breakfast cereal has a whole grain as the first ingredient (or second after water), and it is fortified, it also meets the whole grain-rich criteria.



sents: Whole Grain Oats, Corn Star , Salt, Tripotassium Phosphate. Vitam ded locopherols) Added to Preserve Freshi amins and Minerals: Calcium Carbonate, Ir 2 J. C (mineral nutrients), Vitamin C (sodium corbate), A B Vitamin (niacinamide), Vitamin E ridoxine hydrochloride), Vitamin A (palmitate), amin B₁ (thiamin mononitrate), A B Vitamin (t V) Vitamin B₂, Vitamin D.

vidoxine hydrochloride). Vitamin A (palmitat tamin B₁ (hiamin mononitrate), A B Vitamin d), Vitamin B₁, Vitamin D₃. Distribute by General mill sales, INC., MIMELAPOLIS, MIK 55448 USA



Fortified



Don't forget...

Vitam n (Folic Acid), Vitamin B12, Vitamin D3.

Not only does a ready-to-eat breakfast cereal have to meet the above criteria but it also has to meet the sugar limits in order to be creditable in the first place.

GRAINS 101



BRAN is the seed husk or outer coating of cereal grains such as wheat, rye, and oats. The bran can be mechanically removed from the flour or meal by sifting or bolting.

CREDITABLE GRAINS represents all of the grain ingredients in a product that are creditable towards the grains component; they include whole grains or enriched meal and/or flour.

ENRICHED means that the product conforms to the U.S. Food and Drug Administration's, (FDA) Standard of Identity for levels of iron, thiamin, riboflavin, niacin, and folic acid. The terms "enriched," "fortified," or similar terms indicate the addition of one or more vitamins or minerals or protein to a food, unless an applicable Federal regulation requires the use of specific words or statements.

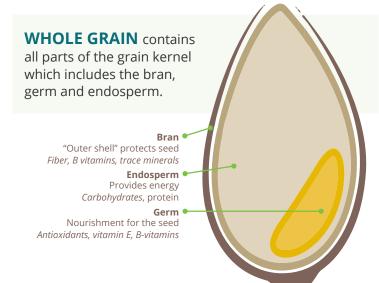
FLOUR is the product derived by finely grinding and bolting (sifting) wheat or other grains. Flour may be made from all grains (wheat, rye, corn, etc.).



GERM is the vitamin-rich embryo of the grain kernel. The germ can be separated before milling for use as a cereal or food supplement.

PRIMARY GRAIN INGREDIENT is the first grain

ingredient listed in the ingredient statement.



WHOLE GRAIN-RICH (WGR)

is the term designated by USDA Food and Nutrition Service (FNS) to indicate that the grain components in a product are at least 50 percent whole grain, with the remaining grains being enriched. This term only refers to FNS criteria for meeting the grain requirements for CACFP.

dentifying Whole Grain-Rich



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WHOLE GRAINS

CORN

Whole Corn Whole Grain Corn Whole Grain Corn Flour

OATS

Instant Oatmeal Oat Groats Old Fashion Oats Quick Cooking Oats Steel Cut Oats Whole Grain Oat Flour

RICE

Brown Rice Sprouted Brown Rice Wild Rice

RYE

Rye Groats Sprouted Whole Rye Whole Rye Flour

WHEAT

Bulgur Cracked Wheat Graham Flour Sprouted Whole Wheat Wheat Berries Wheat Groats Whole Durum Flour Whole Grain Wheat Flakes Whole Wheat Flour

OTHER WHOLE GRAINS

Amaranth Amaranth Flour **Buckwheat Buckwheat Flour** Buckwheat Groats Millet Millet Flour Quinoa Sorghum Sorghum Flour **Spelt Berries** Sprouted Buckwheat Sprouted Einkorn Sprouted Spelt Teff Teff Flour Triticale Triticale Flour Whole Einkorn Berries Whole Grain Einkorn Flour Whole Grain Spelt Flour

CREDITABLE GRAINS

- Any Whole Grain Above
- Enriched Grains
- Bran or Germ Creditable in CACFP, SFSP & afterschool snacks only.

These ingredients are not whole nor enriched and cannot be one of the first 3 ingredients when identifying whole grain-rich products.

NON-CREDITABLE GRAINS

Barley Malt Corn Corn Fiber Degerminated Corn Meal Farina Oat Fiber Semolina Yellow Corn Meal

NON-CREDITABLE FLOURS

not enriched Any Bean Flour Any Nut Flour Bromated Flour Durum Flour Malted Barley Flour Potato Flour Rice Flour Wheat Flour White Flour Yellow Corn Flour

DISREGARDED INGREDIENTS

Disregarded ingredients may be ignored, as these ingredients are not included in the rule of three. Grains that can be disregarded are either:

1. Any grain ingredients that are listed as "less than 2%..." of the product weight. 2. Any grain derivatives, such as wheat gluten, wheat starch, wheat dextrin, corn starch, corn dextrin, rice starch, tapioca starch, or modified food starch.

Please note that this list is not meant to be exhaustive, and there may be other items that qualify, or are not creditable, that are not listed above. Check with your sponsor and/or state agency.

In the Aisles

FOOD IS LABELED AS "WHOLE WHEAT" AND MEETS FDA STANDARD OF IDENTITY



RULE OF THREE

The first ingredient (second after water) must be whole grain, and the next two <u>grain</u> ingredients (if any) must be whole grains, enriched grains, bran, or germ.



Ingredients: White Quinoa, Red Quinoa? Black Quinoa 3



Ingredients: Whole Wheat Flour,¹ Enriched Bleached Flour (Bleached Wheat Flour, Niacin, Reduced Iron, Thiamin Mononitrate, Riboflavin, Folic Acid, Leavening (Sodium Bicarbonate, Sodium Aluminum Phosphate, Monocalcium Phosphate), Brown Sugar, Sugar, Dried Molasses, Salt, Wheat Gern³, Hydroxylated Soy Lecithin, Soy Flour.



Ingredients: Whole Grain Wheat Flour, Canola Oil, Sugar, Corn Starch Malt Syrup (From Corn And Barley), Salt, Refiner's Syrup, Leavening (Calcium Phosphate And Baking Soda). Bht Added To Packaging Material To Preserve Freshness. 2* considered disregarded



Ingredients: Organic Whole Wheat Flour,¹ Organic Wheat Flour,² Organic Vegetable Oil (Organic Expeller Pressed Sunflower Oil and Organic Expeller Pressed Palm Fruit Oil), Organic Whole Flax Flour, Organic honey, Organic Whole Oat flour, Organic Sesame Seeds, Organic Evaporated Cane Syrup...

DOES NOT MEET **WGR**⁴ 2nd grain is not whole or enriched.

CEREAL 1st grain ingredient must be whole grain and cereal is fortified with Vitamins & Minerals.



Ingredients: Whole Grain Wheat, Sugar, Contains 2% or Less of Brown Rice Syrup, Gelatin, BHT for Freshness.

Vitamins and Minerals:

Reduced Iron, Niacinamide, Vitamin B6 (Pyridoxine Hydrochloride), Vitamin B2 (Riboflavin), Vitamin B1 (Thiamin Hydrochloride), Zinc Oxide, Folic Acid, Vitamin B12.



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Ingredients: Whole Grain Wheat, Corn, Sugar, Whole Grain Rolled Oats, Brown Sugar, Rice, Canola Oil, Wheat Flour, Malted Barley Flour, Corn Syrup, Salt, Whey (from Milk), Malted Corn and Barley Syrup, Honey, Caramel Color, Natural and Artificial Flavor, Annatto Extract (Color), BHT Added to Packaging Material to Preserve Product Freshness.

Vitamins and Minerals: Reduced Iron, Niacinamide, Vitamin B6, Vitamin A Palmitate, Riboflavin (Vitamin B2), Thiamin Mononitrate (Vitamin B1), Zinc Oxide (Source of Zinc), Folic Acid, Vitamin B12, Vitamin D3.



Ingredients: Whole Grain Corn, Corn Meal, Sugar, Canola Oil, Salt, Brown Sugar Syrup, Tricalcium Phosphate, Vegetable and Fruit Juice Color, Baking Soda, Citric Acid, Natural Flavor. Vitamin E (Mixed Tocopherols) Added to Preserve Freshness.

Vitamins and Minerals:

Calcium Carbonate, Iron and Zinc (Mineral Nutrients), Vitamin C (Sodium Ascorbate), a B Vitamin (Niacinamide), Vitamin B6 (Pyridoxine Hydrochloride), Vitamin B1 (Thiamin Mononitrate), Vitamin A (Palmitate), Vitamin B2 (Riboflavin), a B Vitamin (Folic Acid), Vitamin B12, Vitamin D3.



Ingredients: Whole Grain Oats*, Cane Sugar*, Sunflower Oil*, Rice*, Whole Grain Quinoa*, Whole Grain Spelt*, Kamut Brand Khorasan Wheat*, Molasses*, Sea Salt, Cinnamon*, Natural Flavor*. Vitamin E (Mixed Tocopherols) Added to Preserve Freshness.*Organic.

DOES NOT MEET **WGR**^C Not fortified with Vitamins & Minerals.



Identifying Cereal Sugar Limits



Here are three ways to determine if a breakfast cereal is within the CACFP sugar limit. As long as a breakfast cereal meets the sugar limit using AT LEAST ONE OF THESE METHODS described below, it is considered within the sugar limit.

Vomen • Infants • Children

Use your State agency's Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) approved breakfast cereal list. * confirm with your states WIC approved cereal list.

Product Example: Dora the Explorer

WIC^{*}



Use USDA's Team Nutrition training worksheet "Choose **Breakfast Cereals That** Are Low in Added Sugar."

The worksheet includes a chart with common breakfast cereal serving sizes and the maximum amount of sugar the breakfast cereal may contain per serving.

ALLOWABLE SUGAR LIMITS

SERVING SIZE	SUGARS
If the serving size is:	cannot be more than:
8-11 grams	2 grams
12-16 grams	3 grams
17-21 grams	4 grams
22-25 grams	5 grams
26-30 grams	6 grams 💙
31-35 grams	7 grams
36-40 grams	8 grams
41-44 grams	9 grams
45-49 grams	10 grams
50-54 grams	11 grams
55-58 grams	12 grams
59-63 grams	13 grams
64-68 grams	14 grams
69-73 grams	15 grams
74-77 grams	These Building Course Section 2
78-82 grams	
	Autoreauto
	Constant State of the State of

(https://www.fns.usda.gov/tn/cacfp-meal-pattern-training-tools)

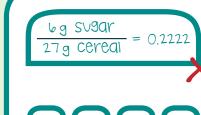


Use the Nutrition Facts label on the breakfast cereal packaging to calculate the sugar content per dry ounce.

1) Find the serving size in grams at the top of the label and the sugars listed towards the middle.

2) Divide the total sugars by the serving size in grams.

If the answer is equal to or less than 0.212, then the cereal is within the required sugar limit and may be creditable in CACFP.





Amount Per Serving				Dora the Explorer
Calories				100
Total				
Carbohydrate	230			8%
				- / -
Dietary Fiber 3	g			11%
Sugars 6g				
other Carbohy	drate '	14g		
tein 1g				
Veneralistation				
1				
Can			/	
Iron				45%
Vitamin D			10	25%
Thiamin			5%	30%
Riboflavin	_		5%	35%
Niacin			5%	25%
Vitamin Be			5% 0%	25%
Folic Acid Vitamin B ₁₂			5%	35%
Phosphorus			2%	15%
Magnesium			2%	4%
Zinc			5%	30%
* Amount in cereal, fat, lees than Smig total carbohydrate * Percent Daily Valu- values may be hig Total Fat Sat Fat Cholesterol Sodium	es are based or	n a 2,000 calorie c pending on your c 2,000 65g 20g 300mg 2,400mg	diet. Your da calorie needs 2,500 80g 25g 300mg 2,400m	ay
Potassium Total Carbohydrate Dietary Fiber		3,500mg 300g 25g	3,500m 375g 30g	9
	Iness. Alinerals: Ca utrients), Vit acinamide), Vitamin B ₂ (itrate), Vitamin (cid), Vitamin lerAL MILLS SAU Genetic Er Genetic Er eneralMills com lescrue the w Making I	alcium Carbc tamin C (sodi Vitamin B4 (((riboflavin), V min A (palmit n B12, Vitamin Les, INC., MINNEAP ngineering world by Food	onate, Iro um ascor pyridoxim itamin B, ate), A B n D ₃ . OLIS, MN 554 OLIS, MN 554 welcome questions comments	n and bate), e
	trition and Dietetic reight, not by volu- ig of contents nom	nt: generalmilis.com	etes Associati	eight



Disclosure: The amount of sugar in a cereal might change. Even if you always buy the same brands and types of cereal, be sure to check the serving size and amount of sugars on the Nutrition Facts label to make sure they match what you have written in the list above. All cereals served must be whole grain-rich, enriched or fortified.

therefore, this product is CACFP creditable.

Product Example: Dora the Explorer meets one of the three methods,

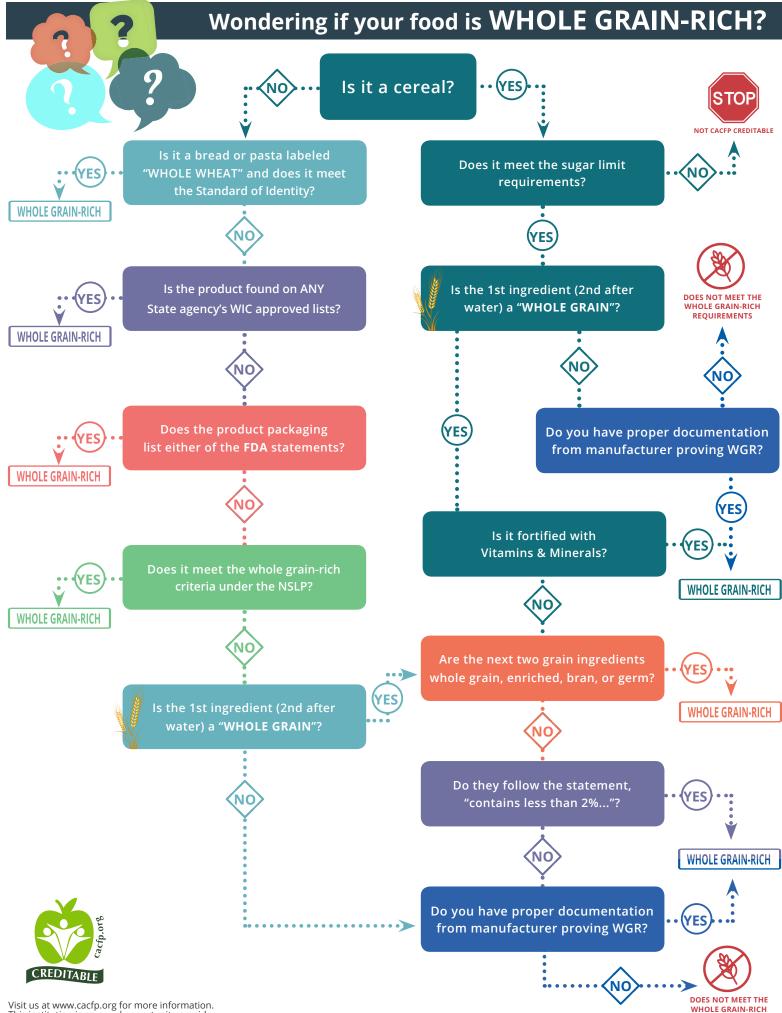
GRAMS OF SUGAR PER SERVING

GRAMS OF CEREAL PER SERVING it is creditable

if ≤ 0.212

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REQUIREMENTS

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Grain-Based Desserts in the Child and Adult Care Food Program

Kids need the vitamins, minerals, and other nutrients in foods such as fruits, vegetables, whole grains, low-fat dairy, and lean protein foods. Too often, kids are filling up on foods high in added sugars and low in nutrients.

As of October 1, 2017, grain-based desserts no longer count toward the grain component of meals and snacks offered through the Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP). This small change helps reduce the amount of added sugars kids eat in child care.



What Are Grain-Based Desserts?

The chart below lists some common grain-based desserts:

Cakes, including coffee cake and cupcakes Cereal bars, breakfast bars, and granola bars	ana bread, zucchini bread, and other quick breads eals that meet the sugar limit and are whole grain-rich, ched, and/or fortified
 Doughnuts, any kind Fig rolls/bars/cookies and other fruit-filled rolls/bars/ cookies Gingerbread Ice cream cones Marshmallow cereal treats Pie crusts of dessert pies, cobblers, and fruit turnovers Sweet bread puddings Sweet bread puddings Sweet biscotti, such as those made with fruits, chocolate, icing, etc. Sweet roissants, such as chocolate-filled Sweet rice puddings Sweet rice puddings Sweet rice puddings Sweet roiss, such as those made with fruits, icing, etc. Sweet rolls, such as those made with fruits, icing, etc. Sweet rolls, such as cinnamon-sugar flavored Save vege Save vege Save vege Save vege Save <li< td=""><td>cakes crusts of savory pies, such as vegetable pot pie and the n croissants n or savory pita chips ory biscotti, such as those made with cheese, etables, herbs, etc. ory bread puddings, such as those made with cheese, etables, herbs, etc. ory rice puddings, such as those made with cheese, etables, etc. ory scones, such as those made with cheese, etables, etc.</td></li<>	cakes crusts of savory pies, such as vegetable pot pie and the n croissants n or savory pita chips ory biscotti, such as those made with cheese, etables, herbs, etc. ory bread puddings, such as those made with cheese, etables, herbs, etc. ory rice puddings, such as those made with cheese, etables, etc. ory scones, such as those made with cheese, etables, etc.

Whole grain-rich and homemade grain-based desserts are also not creditable in the CACFP.

More training, menu planning, and nutrition education materials for the CACFP can be found at **https://teamnutrition.usda.gov**.



• Even if a food is not listed as a grain-based dessert, it can still be high in added sugars. As a best practice, compare grains and choose those that are lower in sugars. For instance, the amount of added sugars in a muffin can vary from recipe to recipe. Some muffins are as sweet as cupcakes and include ingredients such as candy and chocolate pieces or cinnamon-sugar toppings.

Still Too Sweet?

• Look for alternatives to sweet toppings (such as syrups, honey, and cinnamon sugars). For example, try topping pancakes with fruits instead of syrup. Starting these practices early helps kids develop healthy habits.

Try It Out!

- 1. Think about some grain-based desserts that you used to serve. Add them to the "Instead of serving" column on the left.
- 2. What are some other foods you can serve instead? Add them to the "Try" column in the middle.
- 3. Think of other foods you could substitute for the examples listed below. Add them to the right column under "Other Choices."

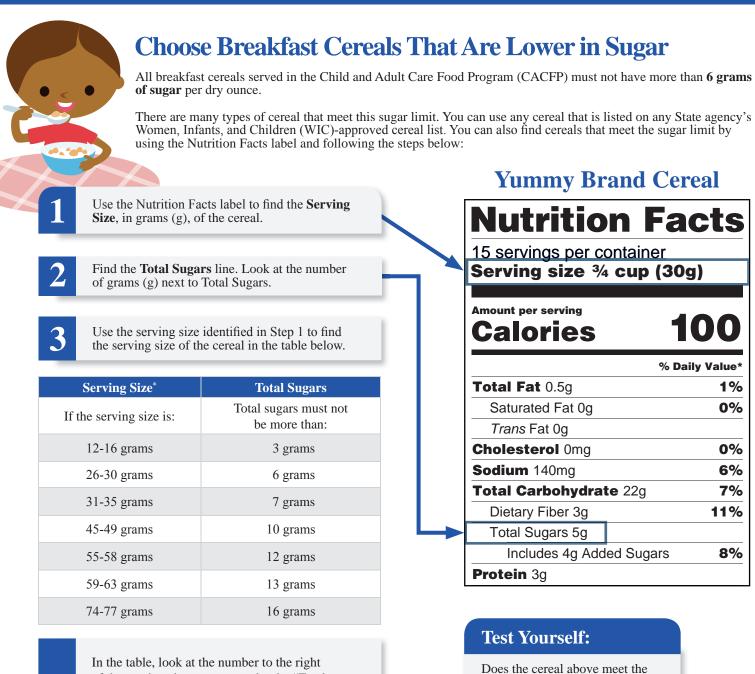
Instead of serving:	Try:	Other Choices:	
Doughnuts or cinnamon rolls	Pancakes or waffles topped with sliced fruit		
Marshmallow cereal treat	Whole-grain tortilla chips or fruit		
Cookies	Whole-wheat crackers or graham crackers		
Cake or brownies	Barana bread		
Toaster pastries	Whole-wheat toast		

Use your "Try" and "Other Choices" lists to help you plan new menus at your site!



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sugar limit?

Serving Size:

Total Sugars:

2 Yes

(*Check your answer on the next page*)

🗌 No

4

In the table, look at the number to the right of the serving size amount, under the "Total Sugars" column.

If the cereal has that amount of sugar, or less, the cereal meets the sugar limit.

*Serving sizes here refer to those commonly found for breakfast cereals.



More training, menu planning, and nutrition education materials for the CACFP can be found at <u>https://teamnutrition.usda.gov</u>.

Try It Out!

Use the "Sugar Limits in Cereal" table below to help find cereals you can serve at your site. Write down your favorite brands and other information in the "Cereals To Serve in the CACFP" list. You can use this as a shopping list when buying cereals to serve in your program.

Sugar Limits in Cereal

Serving Size	Total Sugars	Serving Size	Total Sugars
If the serving size is:	Total sugars must not be more than:	If the serving size is:	Total sugars must not be more than:
0-2 grams	0 grams	50-54 grams	11 grams
3-7 grams	1 gram	55-58 grams	12 grams
8-11 grams	2 grams	59-63 grams	13 grams
12-16 grams	3 grams	64-68 grams	14 grams
17-21 grams	4 grams	69-73 grams	15 grams
22-25 grams	5 grams	74-77 grams	16 grams
26-30 grams	6 grams	78-82 grams	17 grams
31-35 grams	7 grams	83-87 grams	18 grams
36-40 grams	8 grams	88-91 grams	19 grams
41-44 grams	9 grams	92-96 grams	20 grams
45-49 grams	10 grams	97-100 grams	21 grams

Cereals To Serve in the CACFP^{*}

Cereal Brand	Cereal Name	Serving Size	Total Sugars (g)
Healthy Food Company	Nutty Oats	28 grams	5 grams

"The amount of sugar in a cereal might change. Even if you always buy the same brands and types of cereal, be sure to check the serving size and amount of total sugars on the Nutrition Facts label to make sure they match what you have written in the list above. All cereals served must be whole grain-rich, enriched, or fortified.

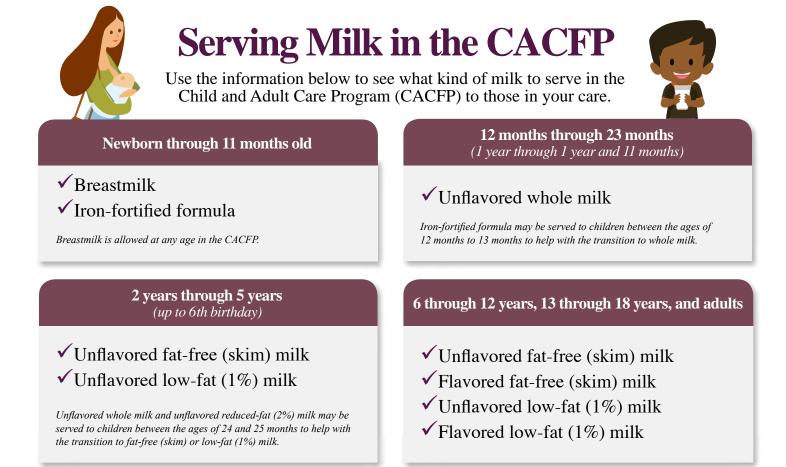
Answer to "Test Yourself" activity on page 1: The cereal has 5 grams of total sugars per 30 grams. The maximum amount of total sugars allowed for 30 grams of cereal is 6 grams. 5 is less than 6, so this cereal meets the sugar limit.

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Non-dairy beverages may be served in place of cow's milk when a participant has a special dietary need. Please contact your Sponsoring Organization or State agency for more information.



The Facts on Flavored Milk:

Flavored milk cannot be part of a reimbursable meal or snack for children 5 years old and younger.

Homemade flavored milk made by adding flavored straws, syrups, and powders to unflavored milk also cannot be part of a reimbursable meal or snack for children 5 years old and younger.

Flavored milk served to children 6 years old and older and to adults must be fat-free (skim) or low-fat (1%).



Try It Out! Milk Matters!



Use the information on this worksheet to answer the questions below.

1. Maya is a 1-year-old at your family child care home and eats lunch at the same time as Darrick, who is 2 years old. What type(s) of milk may you serve each child?

Maya's Age: Type(s) of Milk: Darrick's Age: Type(s) of Milk:

2. Olivia is a 5½-year-old who attends your family child care home. What kind(s) of milk may you serve her in the CACFP?

Olivia's Age: Types of Milk:

3. At your adult day care center, you want to serve yogurt at breakfast and again that same day, during lunch. Both times, yogurt would be served in place of milk. Is this allowed? Why or why not?

3. No, you are not allowed to serve yogurt instead of milk at breakfast AUD at lunch. You are only allowed to serve yogurt instead of milk at one meal per day to adult participants. If you are serving yogurt as a meat alternate, you may not serve yogurt in place of milk at the same meal.

2. Olivia's Age: 5 1% years. Type(s) of milk: Because Olivia falls into the 2- through 5-year-old age group, she can be served unflavored fat-free (skim) milk and unflavored low-fat (1%) milk.

Darrick's age: 2 years. **Type(s) of Milk:** Because Darrick is 2 years old, he may be served unflavored fat-free (skim) milk or unflavored low-fat (1%) milk. If he is younger than 2 years 1 month (25 months), he may also be served unflavored whole milk, and unflavored reduced-fat (2%) milk. There is a 1-month transition period when the child turns 2 to help him or her adjust from whole milk to fat-free (skim) or low-fat (1%) milk.

Darrick's age: 2 years. Type(s) of Milk: Because Darrick is 2 years old, he may be served unflavored fat-free (skim) milk or

1. Maya's age: I year. Type(s) of Milk: Because Maya is I year old, she may be served unflavored whole milk in the CACFP. If she is younger than I year and I month (13 months), she may also be served iron-fortified formula. There is a 1-month transition

Answer Key:



Offer Versus Serve in the Child and Adult Care Food Program

If your site serves meals to at-risk afterschool or adult participants in the Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP), you may use a type of meal service called Offer Versus Serve (OVS). OVS allows children and adults to decline some of the food offered in a reimbursable breakfast, lunch, or supper. OVS may not be used at snacks or in other CACFP settings. OVS can help reduce food waste and give children and adults more choices.



Understanding OVS: Know the Terms

- **Food component**—the name of a **group** of foods in a reimbursable meal. **Food components** include milk, vegetables, fruits, grains, and meat and meat alternates. At breakfast only, vegetables and fruits are one combined component. This means you can serve vegetables, fruits, or a combination of both to meet this requirement.
- Food item—foods that are part of a food component. For example, broccoli is a food item in the vegetables food component.

How to Use OVS at Meals

OVS at Breakfast

- 1. Offer these 3 food components at breakfast:
 - Milk
 - Vegetables and/or Fruits
 - Grains
- 2. Offer at least 4 different **food items** at breakfast, at least 1 from each **food component** above. The 4th food item can come from the vegetables or fruits, grains, or meat/meat alternates component.
- 3. Ask the child or adult to **choose at least 3** different **food items**.

OVS at Lunch and Supper

- 1. Offer these 5 food components at lunch and supper:
 - Milk*
 - Vegetables
 - Fruits
 - Grains
 - Meat and meat alternates
 - 2. Offer at least one **food item** from each component.
- 3. Ask the child or adult to choose **food items** from **3 or more food components.**

Note: The 4th food item can be selected as well.

Note: The child or adult can select food from all 5 components. Foods from **at least 3 components** are needed for a reimbursable meal.

*For Adult Participants Only: Milk is optional at supper. If milk is not offered, the adult still needs to select food items from 3 different food components to have a reimbursable meal.



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Answer Key:

size of each item, this breakfast is reimbursable. Because Karen chose 3 of the items offered (milk, oatmeal, and apple slices), and took the full minimum serving must choose 3 or more of the items offered, and must take at least the full minimum serving size of each item. meat/meat alternates, or vegetables/fruit component (bananas). To make a reimbursable breakfast, a participant component (apple slices), I item from the grains component (oatmeal), and I additional food item from grains, tood items that include: I item from the milk component (low-tat (1%) milk), I item from the vegetable/fruits 1. Yes, Karen's breaktast is reimbursable. For OVS at breaktast, the operator is required to offer at least 4

add the minimum serving size of fruit salad, whole-wheat rolls, and/or milk, to make a reimbursable supper. alternates and vegetables) and needs tood from another component to make up a reimbursable supper. He should and the steamed carrots are both in the vegetables component, David's supper only has 2 components (meat/meat a reimbursable supper, and must take at least the minimum serving size of each. Because the roasted broccoli rolls). In all cases, the participant must choose tood items from at least 3 different components in order to make (roasted turkey), vegetables (roasted broccoli and steamed carrots), fruits (fruit salad), and grains (whole-wheat to offer at least 1 food item from the following 5 components: milk (non-fat (skim) milk), meat and meat alternates 2. No, David's supper is not reimbursable. For OVS at supper for at-risk afterschool sites, the operator is required

The full minimum serving size of items from at least three different components must be taken in order to make up 3. If Anna takes only half of the minimum serving size of each food offered, her supper would not be reimbursable.

a reimbursable supper.

3. Your at-risk afterschool site uses OVS at supper, and offers tuna salad, sliced tomatoes, peaches, pita bread, and low-fat (1%) milk. Your participant Anna would like all the food offered, but only wants half of the minimum serving size of each food. Would this supper be reimbursable? Why or why not?

2. Your at-risk afterschool site uses OVS at supper and offers non-fat (skim) milk, roasted turkey, roasted broccoli, steamed carrots, fruit salad, and whole-wheat rolls. David is a participant who chooses the turkey, broccoli, and carrots, and took the full minimum serving size of each item. Is this supper reimbursable? Why or why not?

1. Your adult day care center uses OVS at breakfast and offers low-fat (1%) milk, apple slices, oatmeal, and bananas. Karen is a participant who chooses milk, oatmeal, and apple slices, and took the full minimum serving

- Use the information on this worksheet to answer the questions below.
- The full minimum serving size of a food item must be taken in order for it to count towards a reimbursable meal.
- All food items offered at breakfast, lunch, and supper must be different food items. For example, while apple slices and applesauce are two forms of apples, they are considered the same food item. Likewise, oranges and orange juice are the same food item.

size of each item. Is Karen's breakfast reimbursable? Why or why not?



Try It Out!

