

SECTION 11: Resources

There are many resources available to assist centers participating in the CACFP. Some of these resources are on the following pages.

- Online Adult Day Care Resources
- Offering Water in the USDA CACFP
- Serve Tasty and Healthy Foods in the CACFP
- Meal Pattern Requirement Worksheets Meat/Meat Alternates, Vegetables, Adding Whole Grains, and Crediting Single-Serving Packages of Grains

Online Adult Day Care Resources

The internet has a vast amount of information that can assist adult day care providers with their food service operations and the education of staff and participants. Below are some resource recommendations. You can find many of the links on our webpage at http://health.mo.gov/cacfp

A Flash of Food Safety

DHSS Food Safety

Eatright.org

Food Product Thermometer Calibration

Food Safety

Institute of Child Nutrition

Adult Day Care Food Allergy Fact Sheets

Adult Day Stay Fact Sheets and Supplemental Resources

Food Safety Resources

My Plate for Adults

My Plate for Older Adults

National Institute on Aging

Serving Traditional Indigenous Foods

Team Nutrition

CACFP Meal Pattern Training Worksheets (English and Spanish)

Crediting Tip Sheets in Child Nutrition Programs

Spanish Materials Available for Team Nutrition

Training Resources on Using Ounce Equivalents for Grains

Team Nutrition Quizzes

USDA Child and Adult Care Food Program

Adult Day Care Centers

USDA Civil Rights

USDA Food Buying Guide for Child Nutrition Programs

USDA Procuring Local Foods for Child Nutrition Programs Guide

USDA Standardized Recipes

WIC Approved Food List



Serve Tasty and Healthy Foods in the Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP)

Sample Meals for Adults



What is in a **Breakfast?**

Milk (8 fl. oz. or 1 cup) Vegetables, Fruits, or Both (½ cup) Grains (2 oz. eq.)

Optional: Meats/meat alternates may be served in place of the entire grains component up to 3 times per week at breakfast.

Tuna

Salad -

Made with

2 oz. Tuna



³/₄ cup (6 oz.) Yogurt

 $\frac{1}{2}$ cup

Fruit Salad



1 Large Egg



Sample Breakfast

For Adult Participants Only:

- 3/4 cup (6 oz.) of yogurt may be used to meet the milk component when yogurt is not served as a meat alternate in the same meal.
- Yogurt must not contain more than 23 grams of sugar per 6 oz.



Low-Fat (1%) or Fat-Free (Skim)

Lettuce*,

1/8 cup Tomatoes, and

> **1**/8 cup Carrots

*Raw leafy greens, such as lettuce, credit for half the amount served. The 1/2 cup of lettuce in the salad counts as 1/4 cup of vegetables in this meal.



½ cup

Red Grapes

Sample Lunch/Supper

What is in a **Lunch or Supper?**

Milk (8 fl. oz. or 1 cup) Meats/Meat Alternates (2 oz. eq.) Vegetables (½ cup) Fruits (½ cup) Grains (2 oz. eq.)



All grains served must be whole grain-rich or enriched. Breakfast cereals may also be fortified. At least one grain served each day must be whole grain-rich.



Offer and make water available all day.



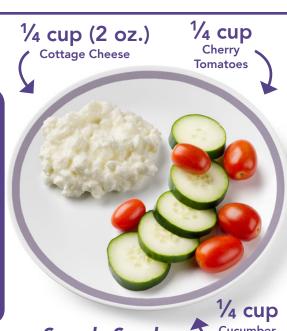
What is in a Snack?

2 oz. eq.

Whole Grain-Rich

Pita Bread

Pick 2: Milk (8 fl. oz. or 1 cup) Meats/Meat Alternates (1 oz. eq.) Vegetables (½ cup) Fruits (½ cup) Grains (1 oz. eq.)



Sample Snack



Note: Serving sizes are minimums.

Learn more about the CACFP meal patterns at https://teamnutrition.usda.gov.



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Food and Nutrition Service

Serving Meats and Meat Alternates at Breakfast

Breakfasts in the Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP) include milk, vegetables and/or fruits, and grains. You can also serve meats and/or meat alternates instead of grains at breakfast up to 3 times per week. This option gives you more choices for menu planning.

Here's how to include meats or meat alternates as part of a reimbursable breakfast:

• Substitute 1 ounce equivalent of meats/meat alternates for 1 ounce equivalent of grains.

Ounce equivalents are a way to measure amounts of food. In the CACFP, 1 ounce equivalent of a meat or meat alternate is equal to 2 tablespoons of peanut butter, ½ of a large egg, or 1 ounce of lean meat, poultry, or fish. If you want to serve meats/meat alternates at breakfast more than 3 days a week, you must offer them as additional foods, which do not count toward a reimbursable breakfast.



A Closer Look at Menu Planning

If you plan to offer a meat or meat alternate at breakfast in place of grains, it must replace the entire required amount of grains. The table below shows the minimum amount of a meat or meat alternate you would need to serve in place of grains at breakfast

at breakfast.	Ages 1 - 2 years and 3 - 5 years	Ages 6 - 12 years and 13 - 18 years	Adults	
Minimum amount of meats/meat alternates required when served instead of grains at breakfast	meat alternates d when served of grains at 1/2 ounce equivalent 1 ounce equivalent		2 ounce equivalents	
Meats/Meat Alternates:	is equal to:	is equal to:	is equal to:	
Beans or peas (cooked)	½ cup	½ cup	½ cup	
Natural or processed cheese	½ ounce	1 ounce	2 ounces	
Cottage or ricotta cheese	¹ / ₈ cup (1 ounce)	½ cup (2 ounces)	½ cup (4 ounces)	
Eggs	¼ large egg	½ large egg	1 large egg	
Lean meat, poultry, or fish	½ ounce	1 ounce	2 ounces	
Peanut butter, soy nut butter, or other nut or seed butters	1 tablespoon	2 tablespoons 4 tablespoons		
Tofu (store-bought or commercially prepared)	½ cup (1.1 ounces) with at least 2.5 grams of protein	¹ / ₄ cup (2.2 ounces) with at least 5 grams of protein	½ cup (4.4 ounces) with at least 10 grams of protein	
Yogurt (including soy yogurt)	½ cup of yogurt (2 ounces)	½ cup of yogurt (4 ounces)	1 cup of yogurt (8 ounces)	

Note: When you serve beans and peas as a vegetable, they cannot also count as a meat alternate in the same meal.



Mix It Up at Breakfast



You can serve a meat or meat alternate as a standalone item, such as eggs, yogurt, cottage cheese, turkey sausage, and ham. As a best practice, choose foods that are lower in saturated fat and sodium. Meats and meat alternates can be served together, such as eggs (a meat alternate) and ham (a meat). Meats and meat alternates can also be served in a dish mixed with other foods, such as apple slices spread with peanut butter, yogurt topped with fruit, or a tofu scramble with vegetables.



Bacon, imitation bacon products, scrapple, and salt pork are not creditable in the CACFP.



Turkey bacon, Canadian bacon, and some types of sausage are creditable only if the product has a Child Nutrition label, or if you have a Product Formulation Statement (PFS) signed by the manufacturer. For more information on crediting foods in the CACFP, please see the *Food Buying Guide for Child Nutrition Programs* at https://foodbuyingguide.fns.usda.gov.

For Adult Day Care Only: You can serve 6 ounces of yogurt in place of 8 ounces of milk once per day when yogurt is not served as a meat alternate in the same meal. If you serve yogurt to adults as a meat alternate at breakfast, you must also serve fluid milk.



Try It Out!

Test Yourself

- 1. Your adult day care center is open 4 days a week. How many times per week may you serve meats and meat alternates in place of grains at breakfast?
- 2. Your child care home is open 7 days per week. How many times per week may you serve meats and meat alternates in place of grains at breakfast?
- 3. You want to serve yogurt at breakfast to your 3-5 year olds once per week. If you are serving the yogurt in place of a grain, what's the minimum amount you must serve to this age group to meet the meal pattern requirement?

to meet the meal pattern requirement.

3. It serving yogurt in place of a grain at breakfast, you must serve at least 2 ounces (1/4 cup) of yogurt to the 3-5 year olds

2. You may serve meats and meat alternates in place of grains at breakfast up to 3 times per week, no matter how many days per week they are open.

are open.

1. You may serve meats and meat alternates in place of grains up to 3 times per week, no matter how many days per week they serve meats/meat alternates in place of grains at breakfast up to 3 times per week, no matter how many days per week they

Answer Key:

Serving Meats and Meat Alternates at Lunch and Supper in the USDA Child and Adult Care Food Program

Meats and meat alternates provide protein, B vitamins, and minerals such as iron, zinc, and magnesium. Protein supports growing muscles in children and helps muscles stay strong in adults. The iron in many meats and meat alternates helps the body carry oxygen within the blood. Some meats and meat alternates, such as nuts, fish, and seafood, also have healthy fats that help support heart and brain health.

Meats and Meat Alternates at Lunch and Supper

In the Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP), meats and/or meat alternates are a required meal component at lunch and supper for child and adult participants. The following examples show how meats and/or meat alternates may be part of lunch and supper menus*.



Example 1

Baked Tilapia Fish Fillets, whole grain-rich roll, whipped sweet potatoes, sliced plums, and fat-free (skim) milk



Example 2

Taco-Seasoned Stuffed Peppers (with meat and beans), salsa, corn muffin, sliced strawberries, and low-fat (1%) milk



Example 3

Baked Tofu Bites, brown rice, gingered carrots, melon, and low-fat (1%) milk



Find USDA standardized recipes featuring meats and meat alternates at theicn.org/cnrb.



Make Every Bite Count!

Serve meats and meat alternates that are lower in saturated fat and sodium (salt) such as:

- Lean meats, poultry, fish, seafood, and eggs;
- Beans, peas, and lentils; and
- Nuts, seeds, and soy products (such as tofu or tempeh);
- Low-fat or fat-free yogurt or cheese.

Offering a variety of meats and meat alternates over the course of the week helps child and adult participants meet their nutritional needs, while limiting saturated fat and sodium. As a CACFP best practice, offer processed meats (such as hot dogs and sausage) no more than once per week.

*During the COVID-19 public health emergency, some State agencies may have opted into School Year 2021-2022 meal pattern waivers. Additional information on these waivers is available at: fns.usda.gov/disaster/pandemic/cn-2021-22-waivers-and-flexibilities.



Serving Meats and Meat Alternates

The CACFP meal pattern lists the required amounts for meats and/or meat alternates as ounce equivalents (oz eq). Ounce equivalents tell you the amount of meat and/or meat alternate in a portion of food. For example, 1 oz eq is equal to half a large egg, 1 ounce (oz) of cooked lean meat, 4 oz of yogurt, or 1 oz of natural cheese.

The table below lists some meats and meat alternates that you can serve in the CACFP. For information on meats or meat alternates that are not listed in the table, please see the *Food Buying Guide for Child Nutrition Programs* (FBG) at **foodbuyingguide.fns.usda.gov**. The *Food Buying Guide* also shows yields of meats, meat alternates, and other items after cooking. This can help you determine how much of an ingredient to buy to meet minimum serving amounts.

Minimum Required Amounts at Lunch/Supper					
Meats and/or	Ages 1 through 2	Ages 3 through 5	Ages 6 through 18	Adults	
Meat Alternates	1 oz eq is equal to:	1½ oz eq is equal to:	2 oz eq is equal to:	2 oz eq is equal to:	
Beans, peas, or lentils	½ cup (4 tablespoons)	3% cup (6 tablespoons)	½ cup (8 tablespoons)	½ cup (8 tablespoons)	
Cheese, natural or processed	1 oz	1½ oz	2 oz	2 oz	
Cottage or ricotta cheese	1/4 cup (2 oz)	3/8 cup (3 oz)	½ cup (4 oz)	½ cup (4 oz)	
Eggs (whole)	½ large egg	¾ large egg	1 large egg	1 large egg	
Fish (cooked, with skin or skinless)	1 oz	1½ oz	2 oz	2 oz	
Lean beef, chicken, pork, or turkey (cooked, with skin or skinless)	1 oz	1½ oz	2 oz	2 oz	
Nut and seed butters (e.g., peanut butter, sunflower butter, etc.)	2 tablespoons	3 tablespoons	4 tablespoons	4 tablespoons	
Nuts and seeds	½ oz = ½ oz eq*	$\frac{3}{4}$ oz = $\frac{3}{4}$ oz eq*	1 oz = 1 oz eq*	1 oz = 1 oz eq*	
Surimi	3 oz	4.4 oz	6 oz	6 oz	
Tempeh**	1 oz	1½ oz	2 oz	2 oz	
Tofu (store-bought/ commercially prepared)	1/4 cup (2.2 oz) with at least 5 grams of protein	3% cup (3.3 oz) with at least 7.5 grams of protein	½ cup (4.4 oz) with at least 10 grams of protein	½ cup (4.4 oz) with at least 10 grams of protein	
Yogurt*** (including Greek and soy yogurt)	½ cup of yogurt (4 oz)	3/4 cup of yogurt (6 oz)	1 cup of yogurt (8 oz)	1 cup of yogurt (8 oz)	

For information on serving meats and meat alternates at breakfast, see Team Nutrition's "Serving Meats and Meat Alternates at Breakfast" at **fns.usda.gov/tn/meal-pattern-training-worksheets-cacfp**.

^{*}Nuts and seeds may count toward half ($\frac{1}{2}$) of the meats and/or meat alternates requirement at lunch and supper. For a reimbursable meal, they must be served with another meat or meat alternate. For example, chopped nuts and yogurt in a parfait may credit toward the meats and/or meat alternates component. Nut and seed butters may credit toward the entire meats and/or meat alternates component at all CACFP meals and snacks.

^{**}Applies to tempeh made with soybeans (or other legumes), tempeh culture, vinegar, seasonings, and herbs only. Tempeh containing other ingredients such as brown rice, seeds, or vegetables will require documentation.

^{***}Yogurts served in the CACFP must contain no more than 23 grams of sugar per 6 ounces. For more information, see Team Nutrition's "Choose Yogurts That Are Lower in Sugar" at fns.usda.gov/tn/meal-pattern-training-worksheets-cacfp.

Which Meats and Meat Alternates are Creditable?

As shown in the lists below, some foods may not count toward the meats and/or meat alternates component in the CACFP. Other foods may need more documentation, such as a Child Nutrition (CN) label or Product Formulation Statement (PFS) signed by a manufacturer, so you can see how they count toward the meal pattern. Check the *Food Buying Guide*, or contact your State agency or sponsoring organization for more information.

Might Be Creditable

- · Beef, chicken, or pork patties
- Canadian bacon
- Chicken nuggets
- Deli/luncheon meats (cold cuts)
- Fish sticks
 Hot dogs
 - Jerky (meat, poultry, and seafood)
 - Tempeh made with legumes and other foods like rice, seeds, vegetables, etc.
 - Turkey bacon
 - Vegetable patties/burgers
 - Wild game meat (with inspection and approval by State or Federal agency)

Not Creditable

- Bacon
- Cheese products
- Commercial frozen yogurt
- Egg yolks (when not served as part of the whole egg)
- Egg whites (when not served as part of the whole egg)
- · Deep-fried foods prepared onsite
- Imitation cheese
- Salt pork
- Scrapple





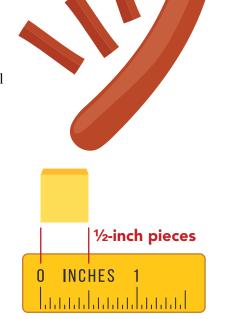
Serving It Safe!

Choking Prevention

Children under the age of 4 are at a high risk of choking while eating. When serving meats and meat alternates to young children, reduce the risk of choking by:

- Grating, mashing, pureeing, or finely chopping items into thin slices, strips, or small pieces that are no larger than a ½ inch. If serving round or tube-shaped foods (e.g., sausages, hot dogs, string cheese, etc.), cut them into short strips instead of round pieces.
- Removing all bones from fish, chicken, and meat before cooking or serving.
- Nuts and seeds are generally not recommended for young children because they present a choking hazard. If serving, nuts and seeds should be finely chopped.
- If serving nut butters, spread them thinly on other foods (e.g., toast, crackers, etc.). Serve only creamy, not chunky, nut butters.

For more information, see USDA's "Reducing the Risk of Choking in Young Children at Mealtimes" at fns.usda.gov/tn/meal-pattern-training-worksheets-cacfp.



Serving It Safe! (continued)

Allergies

Some participants may be allergic to meats or meat alternates, such as fish, shellfish, eggs, nuts, and soybeans. Be sure to discuss any allergies with parents and caregivers and follow proper guidelines to prevent allergic reactions.



Food Safety

It is important to follow safe food handling practices when storing, thawing, preparing, and serving meats and meat alternates. Learn more at **FoodSafety.gov**. Refer to State and local requirements for cooking and storage temperatures.

Best Choices for Fish

Choose fish that are lower in mercury, such as canned light tuna, salmon, tilapia, cod, flounder, and haddock. For more information, see the U.S. Food and Drug Administration's "Advice about Eating Fish" at **fda.gov/food/consumers/advice-about-eating-fish**. You can also contact your State or local health department or call 1-888-SAFEFOOD (1-888-723-3366) for more information.

Menu Planning Tips



Beans, peas, and lentils can be served as either the meat alternate or vegetable component of the meal in the CACFP. You may not credit beans, peas, and lentils as both a meat alternate and a vegetable for the same meal or snack. If you serve two different beans, peas, or lentils at a meal, you may credit one as a meat alternate, and the other as a vegetable, if you serve the minimum creditable amount of each.



Pasta made of bean flour(s) must be served with another visible meat or meat alternate, such as cheese or meat, to credit as a meat alternate.



In smoothies, yogurt may credit as a meat alternate. Other meats or meat alternates used in smoothies (e.g., nut butter, tofu, etc.) may not credit toward the meats and meat alternates component.



For adult participants only: When yogurt is served in place of milk, it may not count as a meat alternate at the same meal.

Preparation Methods

Foods that are deep-fat fried onsite are not creditable in the CACFP. Try cooking methods such as roasting, sautéing, and grilling. For more ideas, see Team Nutrition's "Methods for Healthy Cooking" worksheet, webinar, and training slides at fns.usda.gov/tn/training-tools-cacfp.





Food and Nutrition Service

Serving Vegetables in the Child and Adult Care Food Program

Offering vegetables at meals and snacks:

- Helps children and adults get important nutrients like potassium, folate (folic acid), vitamin A, and vitamin C.
- Provides dietary fiber, which contributes to a feeling of fullness.
- Adds color, crunch, and flavor to meals and snacks.
- Helps reduce the risk of certain diseases, like heart disease and Type 2 diabetes, later in life.



Adding Vegetables to Your CACFP Menu

You can serve vegetables as part of a reimbursable breakfast, lunch, supper, or snack in the Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP).

Breakfast

Example 1











Example 2









Example 3







(up to three times per week)

Lunch and Supper

Example 1















Snacks

Example 1





Example 2







place of fruit at lunch and supper.

▲ A second vegetable can be served in





Example 2





Example 3





Example 4











Test Your CACFP Vegetable Knowledge!

Does this food count as a vegetable in the CACFP? Mark Yes or No, and then check your answers on page 4.

1.	White Potatoes	□Yes		8.	Canned Tomatoes (store-bought)	□ Yes	□ No
2.	Avocados	□ Yes	□ No	9.	Ketchup	□ Yes	□ No
3.	Macaroni and Cheese	☐ Yes	□ No	40			
4.	Strawberry Jelly	□ Yes	□ No	10.	Black Beans	□ Yes	□ No
				11.	Rice	☐ Yes	□ No
5.	Cornbread	□ Yes	□ No	12	Canned Green Beans	□ Yes	□ No
6.	Pumpkin	□Yes	□ No	.2.	(home-canned)	_ 103	_ 110
7.	Hominy (whole)	□ Yes	□ No				

Meal Planning Considerations

The chart below shows examples of amounts of food needed to credit as ½-cup and ½-cup of vegetables in the CACFP. For more information, visit the Food Buying Guide for Child Nutrition Programs at https://foodbuyingguide.fns.usda.gov.

Vegetable	½ cup	½ cup
Carrot, Baby	3 baby carrots	6 baby carrots
Carrot Stick (1/2" by 4")	3 sticks	6 sticks
Celery Stick (1/2" by 4")	3 sticks	6 sticks
Corn, on cob (about 5" - 6" long)	½ ear	1 ear
Cucumber Sticks (3" by 3/4")	3 sticks	6 sticks
Leafy Greens (collard greens, kale, spinach, etc.), Cooked	½ cup	½ cup
Leafy Greens (kale, lettuce, spinach, etc.), Raw	½ cup	1 cup
Potato, Sweet (2 1/4" or more in diameter)	1/4 sweet potato	½ sweet potato
Potato, White or Russet (about 6 oz)	½ potato	1 potato
Tomato, Cherry	3 cherry tomatoes	6 cherry tomatoes
Tomato Slice (1/8" thick)	4-5 slices	8-10 slices



Giving Vegetables Credit: How Vegetables Count in the Child and Adult Care Food Program



Vegetables in amounts smaller than ½ cup do not credit toward a reimbursable lunch, supper, or snack.



Raw leafy green vegetables (spinach, kale, collards, and lettuce) credit for half of the amount served. For example, one cup of raw leafy greens credits as $\frac{1}{2}$ cup of vegetables.

1 cup raw spinach = $\frac{1}{2}$ cup of vegetables



Cooked leafy green vegetables credit for the entire amount served.

1 cup steamed spinach = 1 cup of vegetables



Dried vegetables credit for twice the amount served. For example:

 $\frac{1}{4}$ cup sun-dried tomatoes = $\frac{1}{2}$ cup of vegetables



Dry beans and peas (legumes), including black beans, split peas, and lentils, can credit as vegetables or as meat alternates, but cannot credit toward both components in the same meal.

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Pureed vegetables used in smoothies credit as 100 percent vegetable juice. Juice may only be served once per day in the CACFP.



A second, different vegetable can be served in place of the fruit component at lunch and supper.

Other Considerations

Reduce the risk of choking by:

- · Cutting raw vegetables into smaller pieces.
- Cooking raw vegetables until slightly soft.
- Cutting round, soft vegetables like cherry tomatoes into small pieces no larger than one-half inch (½").



•••



Make Fridays Try-Days in the CACFP

Look for vegetables that are grown in your area and have a taste-testing event. Look for recipes, nutrition education resources, and Try Day stickers at: https://teamnutrition.usda.gov.



12. Canned Green Beans (home-canned): No

11. Rice: No

10. Black Beans: Yes

9. Ketchup: No.

8. Canned Tomatoes (store-bought): Yes

Sey: (alodw) vnimoH 7

6. Pumpkin: Yes

5. Cornbread: No

4. Strawberry Jelly: No

3. Macaroni and Cheese: No

2. Avocados: Yes

1. White Potatoes: Yes

Test Your CACFP Vegetable Knowledge Answers





Food and Nutrition Service

Adding Whole Grains to Your Child and Adult Care Food Program Menu

Whole grain-rich foods are an important part of your menu in the Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP). Foods that are whole grain-rich are filled with vitamins, minerals, fiber, and other nutrients that help kids and adults stay healthy.

How often do I have to serve whole grains in the CACFP?

Each day, at least one of the grain components of a meal or snack must be "whole grain-rich." Whole grain-rich food items must be offered at least once per day, not once per meal/snack. In the CACFP, whole grain-rich means that at least half the grain ingredients in a food are whole grains, and any remaining grains are enriched grains, bran, or germ. This is required for CACFP child and adult meal patterns only. There is no whole grain-rich requirement for infants.



group of children or adults during the day:

✓ Serve whole grain-rich items for the grain component at one of the meals or snack each day.

If you serve meals and snacks to different groups of children or adults during the same day (for example, morning and afternoon sessions):

✓ Serve whole grain-rich items for the grain component to one of the groups of children or adults each day.

If you serve only snacks:

✓ You do not have to serve a grain component at snack. But if you do, it must be whole grain-rich. If you serve only breakfast and want to serve a meat or meat alternate:

✓ You do not need to serve a grain, because you are replacing the grain component with a meat or meat alternate. You may do this up to three times per week. On the days when a meat or meat alternate is not served, you must serve whole grain-rich items for the grain component. If you decide to serve a grain as an "extra" food that does not count toward the CACFP meal pattern requirements, then the grain does not have to be whole grain-rich.

If your at-risk afterschool site or adult day care serves breakfast, lunch, or supper using Offer Versus Serve:

✓ All grain items offered at the meal you wish to count towards the whole grain-rich requirement must be whole grain-rich.



Can I serve a grain-based dessert if it is whole grain-rich?

X Grain-based desserts, even those made with whole grains, cannot count towards the grain component of a CACFP meal or snack. There are many other tasty whole grain-rich foods that you can add to your menus.



What are some ways to serve whole grain-rich foods at meals and snacks?

The requirement is that whole grain-rich food items must be offered at least once per day. But, you may choose to offer whole grain-rich food items more often. Check out these easy ways to serve whole grain-rich foods:

Breakfast Snacks Lunch/Supper □ Oatmeal* ☐ Whole Grain-Rich Crackers ☐ Whole-Wheat Macaroni or Spaghetti ☐ Whole Grain-Rich Pancakes or Waffles ☐ Whole Grain-Rich Pita Triangles ☐ Brown Rice Toast Made with Whole-Wheat Bread ☐ Whole Grain-Rich Cereal Mix* Quinoa ☐ Whole Grain-Rich Pretzels Whole Grain-Rich English Muffin, ■ Bulgur Bagel, or Biscuit ☐ Rice Cakes Made with Brown Rice ☐ Wild Rice ☐ Whole Grain-Rich Muffin ☐ Whole Grain-Rich Banana Bread ☐ Whole-Wheat Bun or Roll ■ Whole Grain-Rich Cereal* ☐ Whole Grain-Rich Chips ☐ Whole Grain-Rich Pizza Crust ☐ Whole Grain-Rich Tortilla

How can I share information about whole grain-rich foods on my menu?

Some easy ways CACFP providers are highlighting whole grains on their menus include:



Writing "whole wheat" or "WW" in front of an item on the menu, such as "whole-wheat bread" or "WW bread."



Adding a fun grain icon or picture next to whole grain-rich foods.



Placing a check in a checkbox to show that a food is whole grain-rich.

There are no Federal CACFP requirements that you label which foods are whole grain-rich on your menu. Check with your State agency or sponsoring organization to see what they require. Highlighting whole grain-rich foods on your menu communicates to families how you are providing nutritious foods to their loved ones. Families may see this as a sign of the quality of meals and snacks you are offering.



Try It Out!

Look at the menus for three CACFP sites below. Which menus meet the CACFP requirement for whole grain-rich?

Menu 1

Served at a child care center that serves one group of children in the morning and another in the afternoon

Breakfast: Chopped strawberries, whole grain-rich waffles, 1% milk

Lunch: Baked chicken,1% milk, broccoli, orange wedges, white rice

Snack: Apple slices and string cheese

Menu 2

Served at an at-risk afterschool center that only serves snack

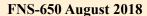
Snack: Enriched pretzels and hummus (bean dip)

Menu 3

Served at an at-risk afterschool center that only serves snack

Snack: Celery sticks and sunflower seed butter

ANSWEY KEY: Menus I and 3 meet the CACFP requirement for whole grain-rich. Menu 2 does not meet the CACFP meal pattern requirement for whole grain-rich. Because the center only serves snacks, any grains served at snack must be whole grain-rich. The pretzels in this snack are enriched, not whole grain-rich, so this snack does not meet the requirement.



^{*}Cereal must meet CACFP sugar limits.

Food and Nutrition Service

Crediting Single-Serving Packages of Grains in the Child and Adult Care

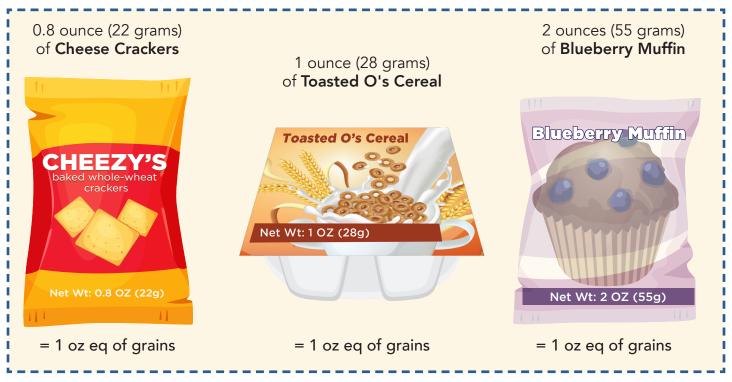
Food Program

Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP) operators may serve single-serving or snack-sized packages of grain items, such as breakfast cereals or whole grain crackers to meet grains requirements at snacks and meals.

In the CACFP, the minimum required amounts for grains are listed in the meal pattern as ounce equivalents (oz eq). Ounce equivalents tell you the amount of grains in a portion of food.



How Much is 1 Ounce Equivalent?





Using the Grains Measuring Chart for Single-Serving Packages

To see how many single-serving packages of grains are needed to meet CACFP meal pattern requirements, follow the steps below:

- Look at the Grains Measuring Chart for Single-Serving Packages on pages 2-3 and find the item you are serving under the "Grain Item and Package Weight" column. Grain items are listed in alphabetical order. If the item is not listed, see "What If My Grain is Different?" on page 5.
- Each item on the chart lists a minimum package weight by the name of the item. Look at the package you are serving and find its weight listed on the Nutrition Facts label or on the front of the package. Check that the package weighs the same as, or more than, the weight listed on the chart (see page 4).
- Look at the chart and find the column for the age group of your participants and the meal or snack you are serving. This column lists the number of packages you need to serve to meet the CACFP meal pattern requirement for grains. You may serve more than this amount.

	Grains Measuring Chart for Single-Serving Packages			5	
	Grain Item and Package Weight*	Child and Adult Care Food Program Age Group and Meal			
	BAGEL CHIPS	1- through 5-year-olds at Breakfast, Lunch, Supper, Snack	6- through 18-year-olds at Breakfast, Lunch, Supper, Snack Adults at Snack	Adults at Breakfast, Lunch, Supper	
	Net Wt: 1 OZ (28g)	Serve at Least ½ oz eq, which equals about	Serve at Least 1 oz eq, which equals about	Serve at Least 2 oz eq, which equals about	
	Bagel Chips at least 28 grams or 1 ounce	½ package	1 package	2 packages	
•	Cereal, Ready-to-Eat, All Types** at least 28 grams or 1 ounce	½ package	1 package	2 packages	
	Corn Chips at least 28 grams or 1 ounce	½ package	1 package	2 packages	

^{*}Check that the package you want to serve weighs this amount, or more. See "Finding the Weight of Single-Serving Packages" on page 4 for more information.

All grains served in the CACFP must be whole grain-rich, enriched, or fortified.

^{**}Must contain 6 grams of sugar or less per dry ounce.

Grains Measuring Chart for Single-Serving Packages Child and Adult Care Food Program **Grain Item and** Age Group and Meal Package Weight* 1- through Adults 6- through 5-year-olds at Breakfast, 18-year-olds at Breakfast, Lunch, at Breakfast, Lunch, Lunch, Supper Supper, Snack Supper, Snack OATMEAL Adults at Snack Serve at Least Serve at Least Serve at Least ½ oz eg, which 1 oz eg, which 2 oz eg, which let Wt: 1 OZ (28g) equals about... equals about... equals about... Crackers, Savory (e.g., cheese, saltines, whole-wheat, etc.) ½ package 1 package 2 packages at least 22 grams or 0.8 ounces Crackers, Sweet (e.g., animal, graham, 2 packages ½ package 1 package etc.) at least 28 grams or 1 ounce Croissant ½ package 1 package 2 packages at least 34 grams or 1.2 ounces Grits, Dry ½ package 1 package 2 packages at least 28 grams or 1 ounce Muffin, All Types (except corn) ½ package 1 package 2 packages at least 55 grams or 2 ounces Muffin, Corn 2 packages ½ package 1 package at least 34 grams or 1.2 ounces Oatmeal, Dry (unflavored or flavored)** ½ package 1 package 2 packages at least 28 grams or 1 ounce Pita Chips ½ package 2 packages 1 package at least 28 grams or 1 ounce Pretzels, Hard*** ½ package 1 package 2 packages at least 22 grams or 0.8 ounces Popcorn*** 2 packages 4 packages 1 package at least 14 grams or 0.5 ounce Rice Cakes ½ package 1 package 2 packages at least 22 grams or 0.8 ounces Tortilla Chips ½ package 1 package 2 packages at least 28 grams or 1 ounce

All grains served in the CACFP must be whole grain-rich, enriched, or fortified.

^{*}Check that the package you want to serve weighs this amount, or more. See "Finding the Weight of Single-Serving Packages" on page 4 for more information.

^{**}Must contain 6 grams of sugar or less per dry ounce.

^{***}Choking hazard for children under the age of 4.

Finding the Weight of Single-Serving Packages

All items in the Grains Measuring Chart list weights by the name of the item. Follow the steps below to see if the package of grains you want to serve meets the minimum weight listed in the chart.

1. Find the grain item and the package weight in the Grains Measuring Chart.

For example, a package of hard pretzels must weigh at least 22 grams or 0.8 ounces.

		Child and Adult	Group and Meal	
	Grain Item and Package Weight*	1- through 5-year-olds at Breakfast, Lunch, Supper, Snack	6- through 18-year-olds at Breakfast, Lunch, Supper, Snack Adults at Snack	Adults at Breakfast, Lunch, Supper
		Serve at Least ½ oz eq, which equals about	Serve at Least 1 oz eq, which equals about	Serve at Least 2 oz eq, which equals about
>	Pretzel, Hard at least 22 grams or 0.8 ounces	½ package	1 package	2 packages

- 2. Look at the Nutrition Facts label of the item you are serving. Find the serving size and make sure that it is listed as "1 package" or other similar wording. If the serving size is not listed as 1 package, look for the weight of one package on the front of the package, as shown in the picture below. If the weight of one package is shown on the front of the package, go to Step 4. If the serving size is not 1 package, and the weight of the package is not on the front of the package, see "What If My Grain Is Different?" on page 5.
- **3.** Find the weight of one package. In this example, one package of **Brand P Hard Pretzels** weighs 28 grams.

If the weight of one package is not written on the Nutrition Facts label, look for the weight on the front of the package.

Nutrition Facts

1 Serving Per Container
Serving Size

1 package
(28g)

BRAND P
hard pretzels

NET WT 1 0Z (28g)

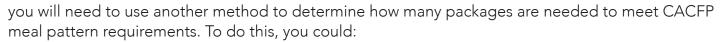
Brand P Hard Pretzels

- **4.** Compare the weight of one package to the weight listed in the Grains Measuring Chart. Is this package weight the same as, or heavier than, the weight listed in the Grains Measuring Chart?
 - ▼Yes: Use the Grains Measuring Chart to see how many packages you need to serve to meet CACFP meal pattern requirements.
 - In this example, a package of hard pretzels must weigh at least 22 grams or 0.8 ounces to use the Grains Measuring Chart. Because 1 package of Brand P hard pretzels weighs 28 grams, you may use the row for "Pretzels, Hard" in the chart to see how many packages of Brand P hard pretzels are needed to meet CACFP meal pattern requirements.
 - No: Use another method to determine how many packages you need to serve to meet CACFP meal pattern requirements. See "What if My Grain Is Different?" on page 5.

What If My Grain Is Different?

If the package of grains you are serving:

- is lighter in weight than the item listed in the Grains Measuring Chart, or
- · does not list the weight of one package, or
- is not listed on the Grains Measuring Chart,



- Use the "Food Buying Guide for Child Nutrition Programs (FBG) Exhibit A Grains Tool" available at **foodbuyingguide.fns.usda.gov**.
- Use Team Nutrition's "Calculating Ounce Equivalents for Grains in the CACFP" worksheet available at <u>TeamNutrition.USDA.gov</u>.
- Contact your State agency or sponsoring organization for assistance.

Are There Other Menu Planning Considerations?

If you serve a package that weighs more than what is listed on the Grains Measuring Chart, then you might serve more grains than required by the CACFP meal pattern. The serving amounts listed in the meal pattern are minimums, so you are allowed to serve more than that amount. However, the tools described under "What If My Grain Is Different?" can also help you determine how much of an item is needed to meet the meal pattern requirements without serving more than what is required. Work with your vendors to purchase single-serving packages of grains that provide the right amount for your participants.

Answer Key:

See "Try It Out!" practice questions on page 6.

3. No, you should not use the Grains Measuring Chart to see how many bags of Brand S savory crackers to serve. A package of savory crackers must weigh at least 0.8 ounces or 22 grams in order to use the chart. One bag of Brand S savory crackers weighs 0.75 ounces. Because 0.75 ounces is less than 0.8 ounces, you must use another method to see how many packages of Brand S savory crackers to serve.

oz ed ot another grain item.

2. You should serve each participant 2 boxes of Brand B bran flakes cereal. Because one box of this cereal weighs 1 ounce, you may use the row for "Cereal, Ready-to-Eat, All Types" in the Grains Measuring Chart (Page 2) to see how many boxes to serve each participant 1 box of Brand B bran flakes, and serve 1

1. You should serve each child at least half (1/2) of a corn muffin, Because each corn muffin weighs 1.2 ounces (34 grams), you may use the row for "Muffin, Corn" in the Grains Measuring Chart (Page 3) to see how many muffins to serve each child.



Try It Out!

Use the information in this worksheet to answer the questions below. See page 5 for the Answer Key.

1	You want to serve individually wrapped corn muffins at lunch to 3-year-olds. Each corn muffin weighs 1.2 ounces (34 grams). How many corn muffins should you serve each child to meet the minimum amount of grains required at lunch in the CACFP?
2	Your adult day care wants to offer single-serving boxes of ready-to-eat cereal at breakfast. One box of Brand B bran flakes weighs 1 ounce (28 grams). How many boxes of bran flakes should you serve each participant to meet the minimum amount of grains required at breakfast?
3	Your at-risk afterschool program wants to serve single-serving bags of Brand S savory crackers at snack to 10-year-olds. One single-serving bag of Brand S savory crackers weighs 0.75 ounces (21 grams). Should you use the Grains Measuring Chart to determine how many bags of Brand S savory crackers to serve? Why or why not?