



Retailer Guide for Managers and Cashiers



Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services
WIC and Nutrition Services

Effective Oct. 1, 2022 –Sept. 30, 2025

Welcome to the Missouri WIC Program

The Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC) was established by Congress in 1972. WIC was designed to help prevent the occurrence of health problems and to improve the health status of women, infants and children during critical times of growth and development, with no cost to eligible participants.

WIC is administered federally by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). In Missouri, the Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services (hereinafter referred to as the Department or DHSS) receives a grant from the USDA to administer the program. Within the Department, WIC and Nutrition Services (hereinafter referred to as the Missouri WIC program) is responsible for program management and operation. The Department contracts with community-based organizations and authorizes retail grocery stores and pharmacies to implement the WIC program at the local level.

In accordance with federal civil rights law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rights regulations and policies, this institution is prohibited from discriminating on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex (including gender identity and sexual orientation), disability, age, or reprisal or retaliation for prior civil rights activity.

Program information may be made available in languages other than English. Persons with disabilities who require alternative means of communication to obtain program information (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotope, American Sign Language), should contact the responsible state or local agency that administers the program or USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TTY) or contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339.

To file a program discrimination complaint, a Complainant should complete a Form AD-3027, USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form which can be obtained online at: <https://www.usda.gov/sites/default/files/documents/ad-3027.pdf>, from any USDA office, by calling (866) 632-9992, or by writing a letter addressed to USDA. The letter must contain the complainant's name, address, telephone number, and a written description of the alleged discriminatory action in sufficient detail to inform the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights (ASCR) about the nature and date of an alleged civil rights violation. The completed AD-3027 form or letter must be submitted to USDA by:

- 1) Mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture
Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights
1400 Independence Avenue, SW
Washington, D.C. 20250-9410; or
- 2) Fax: 202-690-7442; or
- 3) Email: program.intake@usda.gov

This institution is an equal opportunity provider.
(Effective October 1, 2024)





Missouri WIC and Nutrition Services staff want to give a special thanks to all storeowners, managers and employees for your cooperation with the Missouri WIC program in helping to ensure WIC customers use their eWIC cards properly and have an easy shopping experience!

Your courtesy and helpfulness in assisting WIC customers is greatly appreciated. Thank you for all you do in serving your Missouri community as an authorized WIC retailer!!!

The Missouri WIC Program Staff

Table of Contents

Introduction to WIC.....	5
<i>Role of WIC Retailers.....</i>	<i>5</i>
<i>Missouri WIC-Approved Retailer Items</i>	<i>6</i>
Incentive Items	7
<i>Coupons, Store Specials and Loyalty Card Discounts.....</i>	<i>7</i>
<i>WIC Acronym and Logo.....</i>	<i>7</i>
<i>Other Actions Retailers are NOT Allowed to Take</i>	<i>8</i>
Retailer Training.....	9
<i>New Retailer Training</i>	<i>9</i>
<i>Mandatory Training</i>	<i>9</i>
<i>Annual Training.....</i>	<i>9</i>
eWIC Guidelines	10
<i>Types of Systems to Accept eWIC.....</i>	<i>10</i>
<i>EBT Systems</i>	<i>11</i>
<i>Not-To-Exceed.....</i>	<i>13</i>
<i>WIC EBT Smart Card (eWIC Card).....</i>	<i>14</i>
<i>Mapping</i>	<i>16</i>
<i>WIC Items Not Scanning.....</i>	<i>18</i>
<i>Payment Disputes</i>	<i>20</i>
<i>Lost/Stolen Cards</i>	<i>21</i>
<i>Retailer Monitoring</i>	<i>22</i>
<i>Retailer Violations.....</i>	<i>24</i>
WIC-Approved Food	28
<i>Formula.....</i>	<i>29</i>
Retailer Complaints.....	31
Additional Information.....	32
<i>Ordering Supplies.....</i>	<i>32</i>
<i>WICShopper Application</i>	<i>32</i>
<i>JetPay.....</i>	<i>32</i>
<i>Contact Information.....</i>	<i>33</i>



Introduction to WIC

Role of WIC Retailers



Authorized full service grocery stores and pharmacies are an integral part of the success of the Missouri WIC program in improving the nutritional health status of women, infants and children. The retailer's role in the program is to provide participants with only those food items issued on the eWIC card, in the specified brand, quantity, size and type. This serves to provide participants with the specific nutrients they need and to reinforce the nutrition education received. Following WIC's policies and procedures, as outlined in the WIC Retailer Agreement and eWIC Retailer Manual, WIC participants will receive the nutritious food items prescribed and authorized retailers will receive payment for the items redeemed.

All owners, operators and managers of retail grocery stores and pharmacies must understand how the Missouri WIC program operates. Compliance with all policies, procedures and regulations of the Missouri WIC program is the responsibility of each authorized retailer.

Missouri WIC-Approved Retailer Items
Door Decal



EBT Smart Card (eWIC Card)



Original design 2020



Updated design 2022

Shelf Tag



Incentive Items

Per federal WIC regulations, authorized WIC retailers must offer WIC customers the same courtesies that are offered to non-WIC customers and vice versa. Authorized WIC retailers may not treat WIC customers differently from non-WIC customers by excluding them from in-store promotions.

Authorized WIC retailers cannot offer incentive items to WIC customers that are not offered to non-WIC customers. Offering incentive items solely to WIC customers is prohibited by federal WIC regulations.

Coupons, Store Specials and Loyalty Card Discounts



WIC customers must be offered the same courtesies as offered to other customers, including but not limited to, in-store promotions, such as:

- ✓ Buy One, Get One Free (BOGO)
- ✓ Buy One, Get One at a Reduced Price
- ✓ Transaction Discount (\$ or % off an entire transaction)
- ✓ Store Loyalty or Rewards Cards
- ✓ "Cents Off" Discount Coupons

If a retailer's registers are automatically programmed to add tax to a coupon, the Missouri WIC program will reimburse for the amount of tax on the coupon ONLY. The coupon must appear on the receipt.

WIC Acronym and Logo



Retailers are not authorized to use the WIC acronym or WIC logo in advertising and other promotional materials, in close facsimiles, or in the store name.

Retailers who use the WIC acronym and/or WIC logo are noncompliant with the WIC Retailer Agreement and could be subject to termination if the WIC acronym and/or WIC logo is not removed.

Other Actions Retailers are NOT Allowed to Take

Do not charge sales tax on any WIC transaction.

- Do not have the WIC customer sign a tax exemption letter or form for any eWIC transaction. The Missouri WIC program is not subject to Missouri Sales and Use Tax for any eWIC transaction.

Exchange of cash is not allowed when an eWIC card is the only form of payment being used by the WIC customer.

- Do not charge the WIC customer cash or credit/debit for the food items covered by the eWIC card.
- Do not allow WIC customers to exchange any WIC food for a cash refund, merchandise, or other food items. When there is a food safety issue or recall for a product other than formula, exchanges should be made whenever possible. When exchange is not possible, contact the Missouri WIC program at MOWICVendorGroup@health.mo.gov or 573-751-6204 for appropriate instructions. If you receive a recall notice on infant formula, contact the Missouri WIC program for appropriate instructions.

Retailer Training

Retailer education and training is directed at reducing errors, preventing abuse and improving program services. Retailer training is also designed to be consistent statewide. Retailer training may be conducted for the following reasons:



- **Retailer is newly authorized;**
- **Retailer requests a training;**
- **Required annual training, which must be an interactive session at least once every three (3) years;**
- **Any non-compliance with the Missouri WIC Retailer Agreement or Retailer Manual and retailer is identified as probable high-risk.**

At least one (1) representative of the retailer staff must participate in training(s). It is recommended that more than one (1) representative attend. Storeowners, managers and store personnel responsible for training store staff should participate in training(s).

Retailers agree to be accountable for all actions of employees involved in the handling of eWIC card transactions. **It is the responsibility of the store manager to ensure all employees handling WIC transactions, (e.g., stocking, eWIC card transactions and bookkeeping), are properly trained on program requirements.**

New Retailer Training

All new applicants must attend a new retailer training regardless if the owner previously attended for other stores. If the applicant is new to the Missouri WIC program the owner(s), store manager and cashier will need to attend the training for new retailers. Failure to attend training will be a denial in the application process. This training may be held at the Missouri WIC state agency location in Jefferson City, Missouri or through our online training module located at <https://health.mo.gov/living/families/wic/wicretailer/training/>. Location of training will be determined by the Missouri WIC program.

Mandatory Training

Retailers are required to attend mandatory training if they receive notice of violation(s) or if they have failed to submit the required corrective action plan for any violation(s). Retailers failing to attend the required training will receive further sanctions up to disqualification from the program or a CMP. This training may be held at the Missouri WIC state agency location in Jefferson City, Missouri or through our online training module located at <https://health.mo.gov/living/families/wic/wicretailer/training/>. The type of training will be determined by the Missouri WIC program.

Annual Training

Annual training may be conducted in-person or may be provided through the Missouri WIC newsletter.

eWIC Guidelines

Types of Systems to Accept eWIC

An **integrated POS system** is able to conduct mixed basket transactions. A mixed basket transaction includes WIC and non-WIC items and, therefore, requires more than one (1) tender type but does not require WIC customers to separate their WIC food from other food and non-food items.



A **stand-beside POS system** is not able to conduct mixed basket transactions. WIC customers shopping at authorized retailers that have a stand-beside POS system **must** separate their WIC food from other food and non-food items.

Knowing how to complete an eWIC card transaction is important. Missouri uses the chip card and it must be inserted, not swiped.

EBT Systems

Any hardware or software problems related to eWIC transactions must be resolved by retailer staff or by the retailer's technical support. The Missouri WIC program is not responsible for servicing equipment in the stores. Failure to take corrective action to get eWIC transaction processing operational when it is inoperable may result in a sanction.

Periodically the retailer bundles all unsettled transactions into a claim file. The retailer's system performs a data exchange with the Missouri WIC program's settlement system Secure File Transfer Protocol (SFTP) server for reimbursement for eWIC transactions. This settlement cut-off time for submission of claim files **should** occur before 6:00 a.m. Central Standard Time (CST).

The retailer agrees to submit claim files for payment at **least once every 48 hours**. It is best to send claims within 24 hours. Payment consideration is based on the time of the first eWIC transaction for each date being submitted. Payment will be considered for transactions that are less than 48 hours from the time of the first transaction included in the claim file. Claims submitted after 48 hours will be processed, however no payment will occur. If unable to submit a claim file within 48 hours, contact the Missouri WIC program **before submitting** the claim file. Claim files that process resulting in no payment to the retailer must be submitted to the state agency for payment dispute. For example:

Store Z sends a claim file for January 1 at 9:00 p.m. The claim file has transactions from January 1 starting at 12:00 a.m. through 6:00 p.m. The transactions in that claim file will be considered for payment as they were submitted within 48 hours of the first transaction. The transactions for January 1 starting at 6:01 p.m. through 11:59 p.m. must be submitted before 6:01 p.m. on January 3. If submitted after that time, they will not be considered for payment, as this is past the 48-hour limit.

Retailers are required to access the Missouri WIC program's settlement system within a continuous **48-hour period of time** for the purpose of downloading the current Hot Card List (HCL), Auto-Reconciliation File (ARF), Acknowledgement file (ACK), and the Approved Product List (APL).

HCL – provides retailers with a file to validate cards prior to completing a purchase.

ARF – provides retailers with the transactions that were processed and settled.

ACK – tells retailers if a file was rejected for transmission errors or, claim file errors, or was accepted for processing.

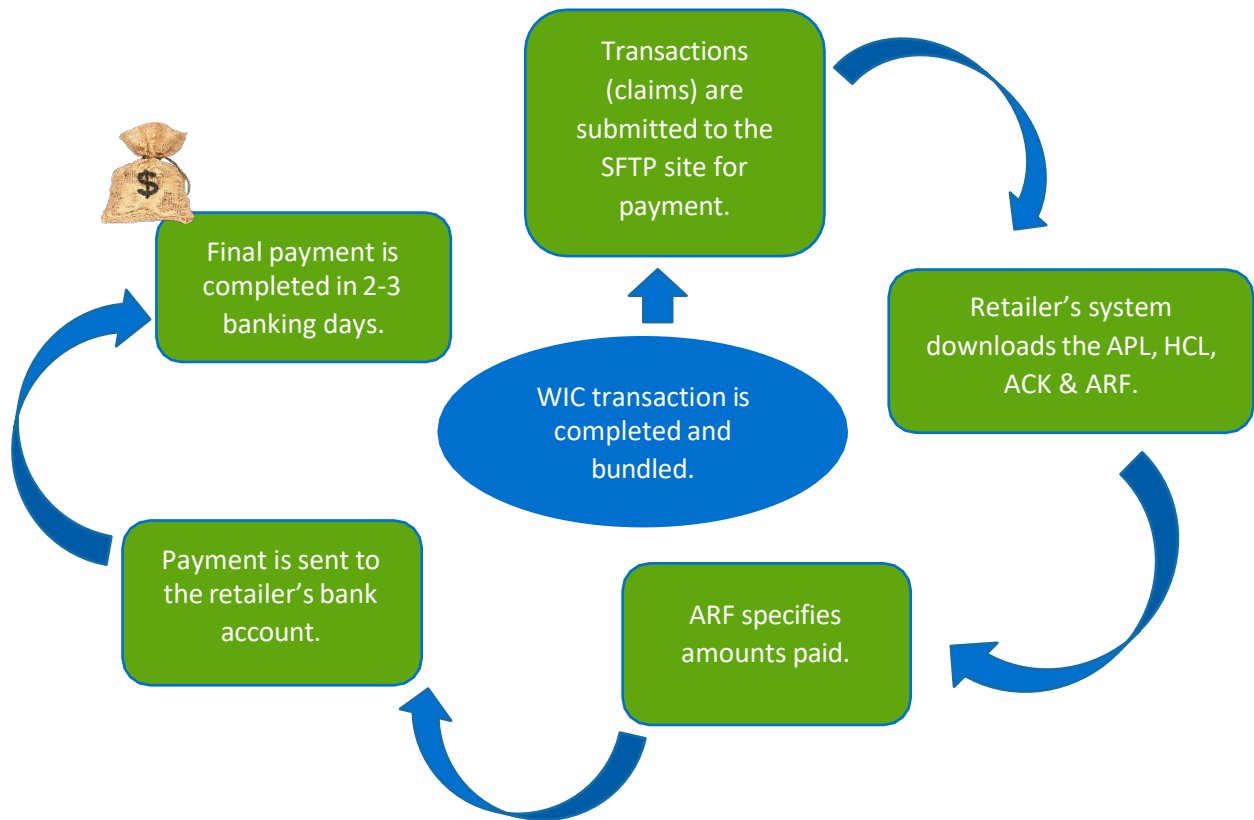
APL – creates and updates a list of WIC approved products at the retailer.

Failure to do so may result in financial liability to the retailer if a Missouri eWIC card on the HCL is used to conduct a transaction, or if a WIC customer is allowed to purchase a food item that is no longer on the APL.

The Missouri WIC program's settlement system issues payment directly to the retailer's bank account. When the retailer's system connects to the Missouri WIC program's EBT settlement host's SFTP server, the server downloads an ARF and ACK that advises the retailer of the specific amount of the claim paid, if any part of the claim was not paid, and the reason for any non-payment. Payment to the retailer typically occurs within 2-3 banking days from the time the claim file is submitted.

It is recommended that retailers review settlement reports and eWIC payments weekly to identify any potential issues with the submission and processing of claim files.

The Missouri WIC program will make payments to the retailer upon receipt of valid claim files for providing WIC-approved food to WIC customers.



The Missouri WIC program shall deny payment, either partially or fully, to a retailer for improperly transacted or redeemed eWIC card purchases.

The Missouri WIC program may require repayment for payments already made on improperly transacted eWIC card purchases for eWIC cards transacted for unapproved food, other items, or items with sales tax charged.

Not-To-Exceed



- Not-To-Exceed (NTE) is a price limitation on WIC approved foods.
- Each approved food item will have a NTE price that is set in the data system.
- Retailers must charge competitive prices comparable to the average price charged in their peer group and not exceed prices posted on shelf tags or charged to other customers.
- Retailers must maintain prices of WIC approved food within 15% of their peer group average price on each WIC item.
- The NTE is based on submitted price items in retailers' claim files. The system calculates a new NTE at food subcategory levels for each Pricing Peer Group.
- The NTE is based on the "normal" price for WIC items and does not include any specials or discounts.
- Retailers will only be reimbursed up to the NTE price level for their assigned Pricing Peer Group.
- NTE prices on most items are re-calculated every two weeks.
- NTE prices can be adjusted more frequently for specific items based on fluctuations in the national market prices.



WIC EBT Smart Card (eWIC Card)

WIC Customer Receipts

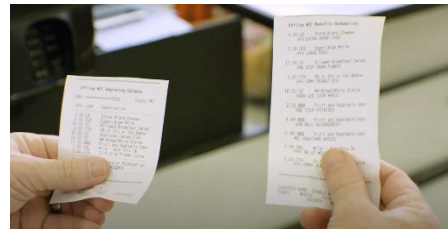
WIC transaction:

- Cashier scans all items.
- Cashier presses the eWIC tender button.
(This could be named differently based on the POS system.)



- WIC customer inserts card and enters PIN.
*Two (2) receipts print: Beginning Balance and Utilization. The purpose of these receipts is to allow the WIC customer to review what is covered and not covered by their benefits.

- WIC customer reviews the receipts.



- WIC customer presses "Accept" or "Decline" on the PIN pad. WIC customer should not remove the card until prompted by the PIN pad.

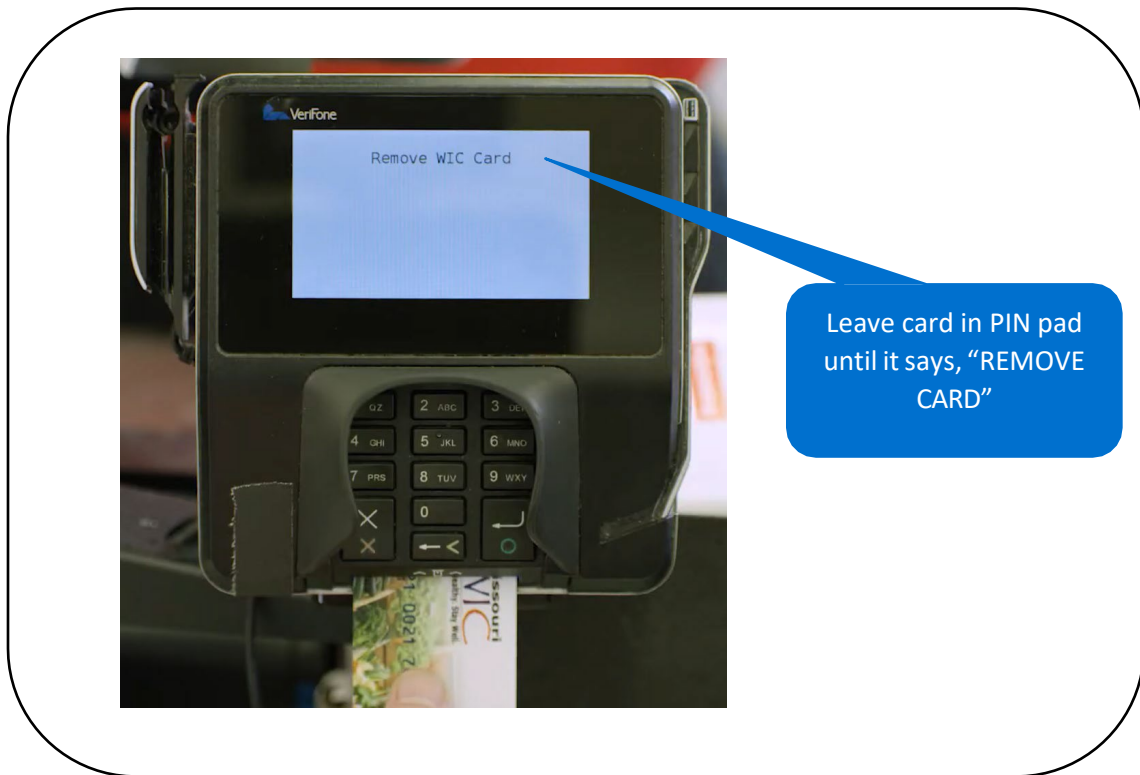
- Once the transaction is finalized, an Ending Balance receipt will print. This lets the WIC customer know what benefits are remaining.



- Once benefits have been removed from the card they CANNOT be put back. Any items removed from the card must be given to the WIC customer.

Removing the eWIC Card

It is important to remind every WIC customer to leave the eWIC card inserted in the PIN pad until it says "Remove Card." The register may say to remove the card before the PIN pad. If the card is removed before the PIN pad says "Remove Card," an error may occur. Removing the card too soon could remove all benefits from the card or lock up the register system.



Mapping

Mapping is taking a UPC or “store assigned” code and linking it to a Price Look-Up (PLU) code. All stores with an integrated system must use the IFPS-specific PLU code. **All stores with a stand-beside device can use the generic PLU code “4469,” or “94469” for organic.**

Items not mapped in your system could prevent WIC customers from using their eWIC cards to purchase fresh produce, as the Missouri APL does not have all the UPCs for fresh produce.



➡ UPC “000651111025” - Map to 4-digit code “**4060**”



➡ UPC “014668130016” - Map to 4-digit code “**4385**”

Any fresh, pre-package produce must be mapped. Mixed, fresh produce must be mapped by picking one of the fruits or vegetables in the package.

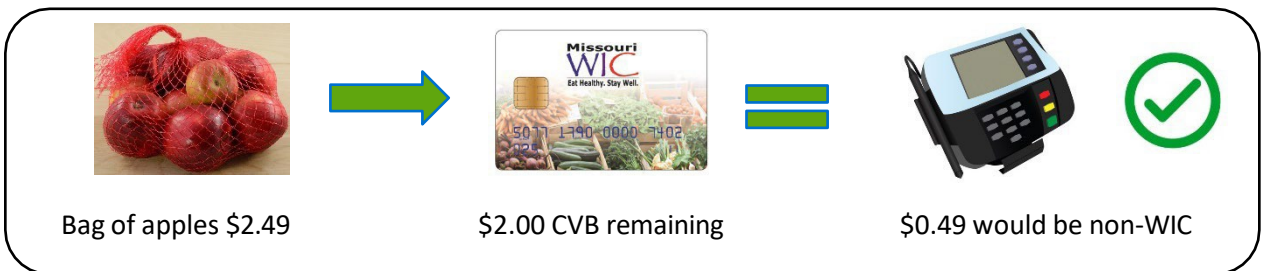
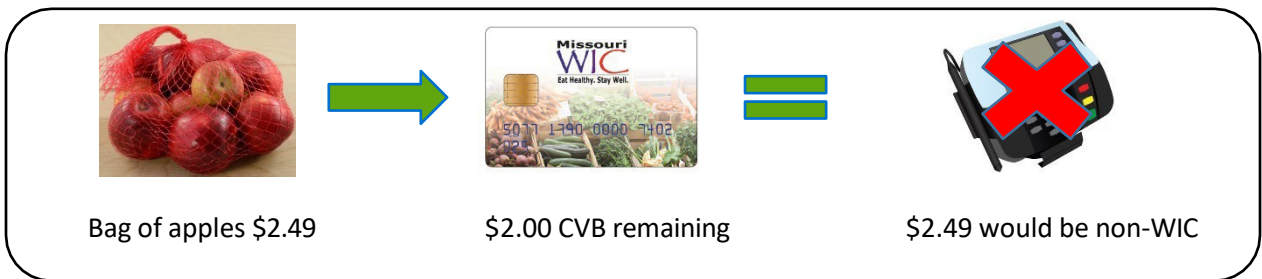


This mixture of fruit can be mapped to either “blackberries –PLU 4239,” “raspberries – PLU 4244,” or “blueberries – PLU 4240.”

WIC Split Tender

Split tender allows WIC customers to use their full benefits when purchasing Cash Value Benefits (CVB) items, such as fresh and frozen produce.

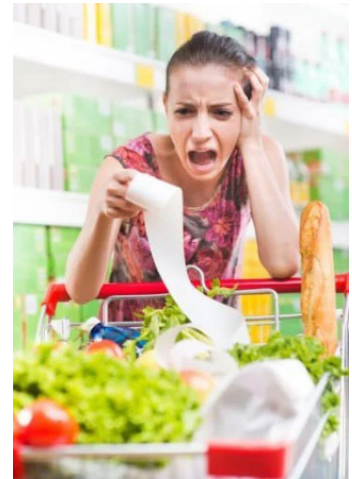
An example: A WIC customer purchases a bag of apples priced at \$2.49 but only has \$2.00 remaining in CVB on their eWIC card. With split tender the WIC customer will be able to use the remaining \$2.00 towards the bag of apples and the remaining amount of \$0.49 will move to the non-WIC total. This allows the WIC customer to “split” the cost of the bag of apples between WIC benefits and an alternate tender type.



WIC Items Not Scanning

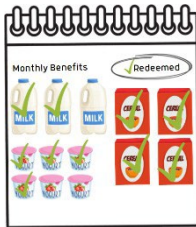


Has a WIC customer come to the register and some of their food items do not scan as WIC-approved?



There are several reasons this could occur:

1. Item is NOT WIC-approved;



2. WIC customer does not have enough benefits;

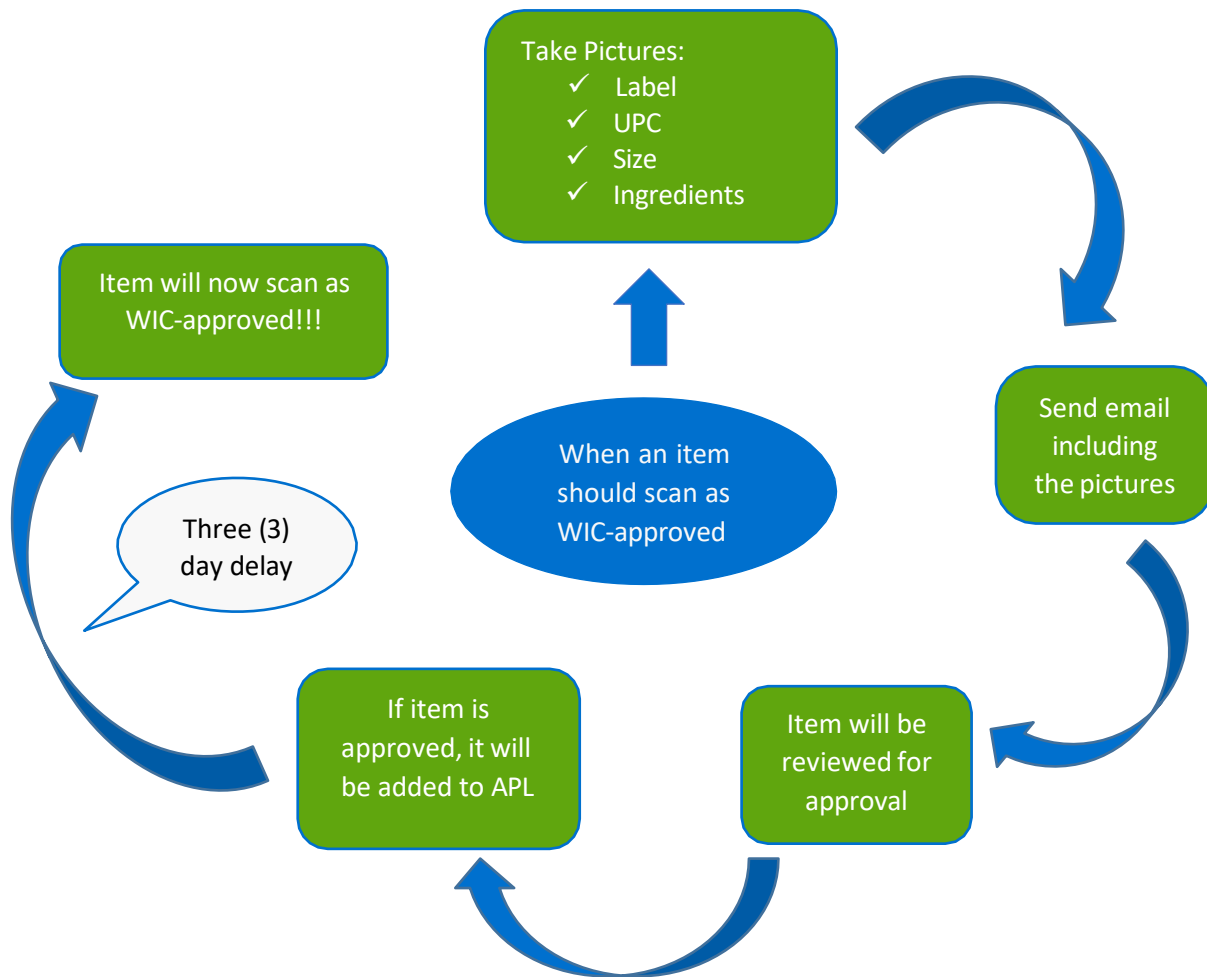
3. WIC customer does not have that benefit on their card;



4. Item is WIC-approved but has not been mapped, or the POS system has not pulled down a current APL file.

If you believe an item should be WIC-approved and is not included on the APL, email the Missouri WIC office to request the item be added to the APL. The email must include clear pictures of the label, the UPC, the size and the ingredients found on the item.

WICFoods@health.mo.gov



Payment Disputes

Retailers will be paid for all valid eWIC transactions submitted to the Missouri WIC program. An authorized retailer may dispute a denied claim or transaction payment that has been reduced, however there is no guarantee that dispute requests will be approved by the Missouri WIC program. Refer to the ARF to verify the amount that will be paid. If the amount submitted is different from what is paid, the ARF identifies any errors and indicates why a claim, a transaction, or an item was reduced.

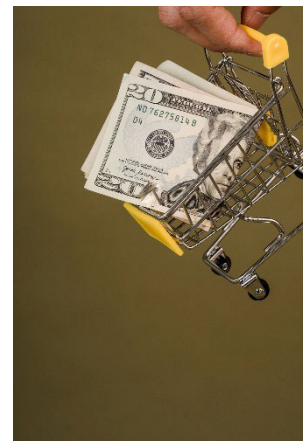
A dispute **must** be received by the Missouri WIC program within **sixty (60) days of the transaction date**.

The **WIC Retailer Claim Form**, found on our website at <https://health.mo.gov/living/families/wic/wicretailer>, must be submitted to the MOWICVendorGroup@health.mo.gov for payment consideration. The types of disputes are:

- Late claim file submission
 - **If a claim has not been submitted within 48 hours of the first transaction in the claim file, contact the Missouri WIC program for instructions to submit the claim and receive payment.**
- Invalid electronic signature
- Other transaction errors

Per federal regulation 7 CFR § 246.12(k)(5), if the total value of transactions or claims disputed at one time exceeds \$500, the Missouri WIC program must obtain approval from the Food and Nutrition Services (FNS) Regional Office before executing payment.

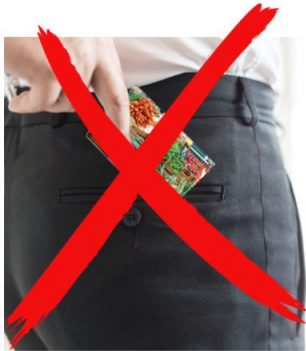
If the retailer's dispute is denied, the retailer will receive written notification explaining the reason for the denial.



Lost/Stolen Cards

If a WIC customer leaves their eWIC card in your store:

1. Call the number on the back of the card and report the card was left at the store.
2. Destroy the card. (DO NOT keep the card.)



eWIC Sales and Inventory Audit



The Missouri WIC program may perform eWIC sales transaction and inventory audits on any retailer, at any time during the agreement period.

The eWIC sales transaction audits may be for up to a three (3)-year period, but are generally for a 30- to 90-day period. The retailer is required to provide the Missouri WIC program copies of all WIC-approved stock invoices for the specific period requested within 15 days of the date on the written request.

An inventory audit will include an inventory count before and after the sales transaction audit information. Targeted food items will be counted.

Failure to provide the requested documentation may result in a claim for repayment of WIC funds paid to the retailer as outlined in the WIC Retailer Agreement and in this manual.

At the completion of the eWIC sales transaction and inventory audit, the Missouri WIC program has the right to demand refunds for payments already made on improperly transacted or redeemed eWIC cards and for charges of more than the retailer's actual selling price.

Retailer Violations



Retailer violations may be intentional or unintentional. The Missouri WIC program may refer retailers who commit fraud and/or abuse of the WIC program to federal, state or local authorities for prosecution under applicable statutes. The WIC program has two (2) categories of violations: those that result in Missouri state sanctions and those that result in federally mandated sanctions.

Imposed sanctions may include warning letters, corrective action plans, mandatory training sessions, administrative fines, monetary claims, Civil Money Penalties (CMP), suspensions, terminations or disqualification or any combination of sanctions.

A retailer committing fraud or abuse of the Missouri WIC program is liable for prosecution under applicable federal, state and local laws. A retailer that has willfully misapplied, stolen, or fraudulently obtained WIC program funds shall be subject to a fine of not more than \$25,000 or imprisonment for not more than five (5) years, or both, if the value of the funds is \$100 or more. If the value is less than \$100, the penalties are a fine of not more than \$1,000 or imprisonment for not more than one (1) year, or both [7 CFR § 246.12(h)(3)(xxi)].

The Missouri WIC program must provide written notice of any sanctions imposed against a retailer. The notice must specify:

- The sanction being imposed,
- The effective date of the sanction,
- The reason for the sanction.

Corrective Action Plan

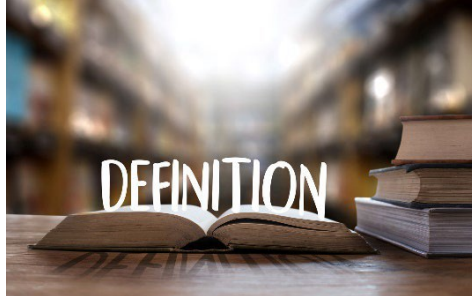
When a violation requires a corrective action plan (CAP), the retailer shall prepare a CAP. The plan needs to address the area of violation, and it may include training aimed at educating retail staff on WIC program policy and procedures, customer service, or a plan to address stocking issues. The plan will include a timeline in which the issue will be addressed as well as follow-up to assure requirements are completed. The CAP must be submitted within the time frame stated in the letter. Failure to submit the required CAP will result in an immediate \$25 fine without any further notice or warning. A \$100 fine will be issued for any subsequent failure to submit a CAP.



Civil Money Penalty (CMP)

The Missouri WIC program will assess a retailer a CMP in lieu of disqualification only if the disqualification would result in inadequate participant access as defined by the Missouri WIC program. Ten (10) percent of a retailer's average monthly WIC redemptions multiplied by the number of months the retailer would have been disqualified will determine the amount of the CMP. A retailer's monthly WIC redemption for the previous six (6) months will be used to determine the average monthly WIC redemption.

For each violation that warrants permanent disqualification (Federal Class “A” #1), the amount of the CMP will be determined by 7 CFR 3.91(b)(3)(vi). If during the course of a single investigation the retailer commits multiple violations, the Missouri WIC program may impose a CMP for each violation.



- **Retailer violation** – Any intentional or unintentional action of a retailer’s current owners, officers, managers, agents, or employees (with or without the knowledge of management) that violates the WIC Retailer Agreement or federal or state statutes, regulations, policies, or procedures governing the program.
- **Investigation** – A method used by the Missouri WIC program to determine if violations are occurring.
- **Sanction** – An administrative action taken as a result of a violation.
- **Pattern** – Based on the number and severity of the incidences of the violation.

Federal Violations – Class A and B

Class “A” and “B” violations are subject to mandatory federal sanctions as defined in 7 CFR 246.12 and shall constitute grounds for disqualification from the WIC program.

Federal Class “A” Violations:

Class “A” violations include conviction or an incidence of trafficking (buying or selling WIC food instruments or CVB); selling firearms, ammunition, explosives, controlled substances, alcohol, alcoholic beverages or tobacco products in exchange for WIC food instruments.

Federal Class “A” Violations

Violation #1	Conviction of trafficking (buying or selling WIC food instruments or CVB), conviction of selling firearms, ammunition, explosives or controlled substances in exchange for WIC cards. Permanent disqualification.
Violation #2	One incidence of trafficking (buying or selling WIC food instruments or CVB), selling firearms, ammunition, explosives or controlled substances in exchange for WIC cards. Length of disqualification-six years.
Violation #3	One incidence of the sale of alcohol, alcoholic beverages or tobacco products in exchange for WIC cards. Length of disqualification-three years.

Federal Class “B” Violations:

Class “B” violations occur when there is **a pattern of violations**. A pattern for these violations is defined as three or more instances of the same Class “B” violation that occur during any federal fiscal year (i.e., October 1 - September 30).

Federal Class “B” Violations

Violation #4	Charging WIC customers more for WIC-approved food than non-WIC customers or charging more than the posted shelf price (overcharges). Length of disqualification-three years.
Violation #5	Claiming reimbursement for the sale of any WIC food item that exceeds the store’s documented inventory of that food item for a specific period. Length of disqualification-three years.
Violation #6	Receiving, transacting, and/or redeeming WIC cards outside of authorized channels, including the use of an unauthorized retailer and/or an unauthorized person. Length of disqualification-three years.
Violation #7	Charging the program for WIC food not received by the WIC customer. Length of disqualification-three years.
Violation #8	Providing credit or non-food items (other than alcohol, tobacco, cash, firearms, ammunition, explosives or controlled substances) in exchange for WIC cards or in exchange for items purchased with a WIC card. Length of disqualification-three years.

Violation #9	Providing unauthorized food items in exchange for WIC cards, including charging for supplemental food provided in excess of those listed on the WIC card. Length of disqualification—one year.
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Warning of 1st Occurrence: Letter and CAP.	2nd Occurrence: CAP and mandatory training.	3rd Occurrence: Disqualification from the WIC program will be based on a federal violation or CMP.
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State Violations

The Missouri WIC program will impose state sanctions. Each instance of a violation of Missouri WIC program is based on the number of occurrences for the same violation. The violation must be established by a pattern of the same violation within a federal fiscal year.

Missouri State Violations

MOSV#1	Mapping items to a PLU code that is not fresh produce.
MOSV#2	Retaining WIC participant WIC cards found at the retailer’s location and/or failing to complete proper program notification and destruction procedures.

The table below details the corrective action required for state violations and the increasing severity when those violations are not corrected.

Initial Visit <u>Warning-1st Occurrence</u> Letter and CAP. A revisit will occur 30 days from date of letter. *Failure to submit CAP within 30 days will result in an immediate \$25 fine.	Revisit 1 <u>2nd Occurrence</u> \$25 fine and CAP. A revisit will occur 15 days from date of letter. *Failure to submit CAP within 15 days will result in an immediate \$50 fine.	Revisit 2 <u>3rd Occurrence</u> \$50 fine, CAP and mandatory training. A revisit will occur 15 days after training is completed. *Failure to submit CAP within 15 days and failure to attend mandatory training will result in disqualification from the program for one year.	Revisit 3 <u>4th Occurrence</u> Disqualification for one year or a CMP.
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WIC-Approved Food



Retailers must maintain the minimum stocking requirement of WIC-approved food in the store at all times. The link to the Approved Product List (APL):

<https://health.mo.gov/living/families/wic/wicretailer/foodlist/>

Retailers must maintain adequate inventory records (e.g., invoices and purchase orders) to verify billings made for all WIC food items purchased at any time during the current agreement year, and for the previous three (3) years if a WIC Retailer Agreement was then in effect. This must include, but is not limited to, inventory records required for federal tax reporting purposes.

As a cost containment measure for the WIC program, store brands are utilized where possible. Store brand definition by Private Label Manufacturer's Association: "Store brand products encompass all merchandise sold under a retail store's private label. That label can be the store's own name or a name created exclusively by that store. In some cases, a store may belong to a wholesale buying group that owns labels which are available to the members of the group. These wholesaler-owned labels are referred to as controlled labels."



Formula

The Missouri WIC program participates in an infant formula rebate contract. The Department contracts with a specific infant formula manufacturer who agrees to give a rebate to the WIC program for each unit of their infant formula redeemed with an eWIC card. The money from this rebate enables the WIC program to serve more WIC participants. The infant formulas included in the rebate contract are called “primary contract formulas.”

Authorized WIC retailers are not required to stock concentrates and ready-to-use primary contract formulas, but these formulas must be made available for a WIC customer within 72 hours if available through the store’s wholesaler or formula distributor.

Authorized WIC retailers are not required to stock non-primary contract formulas, but these formulas must be made available for a WIC customer within 72 hours if available through the store’s wholesaler or formula distributor. If a requested formula is not available to order through the store’s wholesaler or formula distributor, advise the WIC customer to contact their WIC local agency for assistance.

All formulas other than the current Missouri primary contract formulas are called “special” formulas, exempt formulas, or non-primary contract formulas. Only pharmacies that are authorized WIC retailers can accept eWIC cards for these formulas. Pharmacies that are not authorized WIC retailers cannot offer special formula to be sold during an eWIC sales transaction. If a requested formula is not available to order through the store’s wholesaler or formula distributor, advise the WIC customer to contact their WIC local agency for assistance.

Special Ordered Formula Buyback

The Missouri WIC program may authorize a “buyback” of special ordered formula only when an authorized retailer has ordered a special formula for a WIC customer and not all of the ordered formula is purchased. This buyback is to ensure that no authorized retailer has to absorb the cost of the unpurchased special formula. **Regular contract formula will not be included in a buyback.** The formula buyback occurs as follows:

- The retailer contacts the Retailer Manager at the Missouri WIC program;
- The retailer informs the Retailer Manager of the type, size, quantity, UPC and expiration date of the special ordered formula. **Note: Formula that is expired or will be expiring within 60 days of the retailer notifying the Missouri WIC program will NOT be purchased;**
- The retailer must provide the wholesale price and the retail price they have charged for the special formula;
- The Retailer Manager will determine if the formula meets the criteria for buyback. If so, an eWIC card will be created for the formula and a Missouri WIC program staff person will purchase and pick up the buyback formula.

Formula Exchanges



WIC customers are not allowed to exchange baby formula purchased with WIC funds unless the item is **damaged, defective, or expired** and the WIC customer is requesting the exact same formula item. If a WIC customer wants a different formula, they should be referred back to their WIC local agency.

Looking at the first example, a WIC customer has purchased Similac Total Comfort with their WIC benefits but found the can is expired. They request an exchange for the exact same item, so this can be processed at the store.

In the second example, a WIC customer has purchased Similac Total Comfort with their WIC benefits but is requesting an exchange for a different formula. This cannot be done at the store. The WIC customer should take the formula back to their WIC local agency for a change to their benefits.

Retailer Complaints

A retailer may submit a Retailer Concern form with any problems, concerns, or suggestions to the Missouri WIC program or WIC local agency. The form may be submitted by email to MOWICVendorGroup@health.mo.gov.

The form can be found on our website:

<https://health.mo.gov/living/families/wic/wicretailer/retailer-concern-form.php>.



Additional Information

Ordering Supplies

To order supplies, please go to our website at: <https://health.mo.gov/living/families/wic/wicretailer/> and complete the Retailer Resource Order Form.

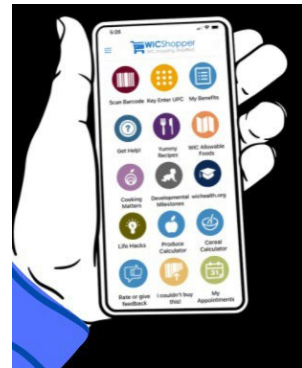
The items available to order are:

- Door Decals
- WIC Shelf Tags
- Manual

WICShopper Application



The WICShopper app is a great resource for retailers to utilize on their smartphones. Retailer staff can scan items to see if an item is WIC-approved and to determine where a WIC Shelf Tag should be placed.



JetPay

Need to pay fines or reimbursements?

Here is the link to pay online:

<https://magic.collectorsolutions.com/magic-ui/Login/mo-health-senior-serv>



Contact Information



MOWICVendorGroup@health.mo.gov

WICFoods@health.mo.gov

Follow us on Facebook: [@MissouriWIC](https://www.facebook.com/MissouriWIC)

Brandi Turnbough WIC

Retailer Manager 573-

751-8322

Brandi.Turnbough@health.mo.gov

Angie Easley

WIC Agreement & Training Coordinator

573-751-6196

Angela.Easley@health.mo.gov

Tiffany Newton

Retailer Assistant

573-751-6195

Shieta Hammond Northern

Retailer Specialist

Shieta.Hammond@health.mo.gov

Amy Banning

Southwestern Retailer Specialist

Amy.Banning@health.mo.gov

Amy Beussink

Southeastern Retailer Specialist

Amy.Beussink@health.mo.gov

Susan Guerrant

UPC Coordinator

Susan.Guerrant@health.mo.gov