Statewide, male rates for heroin-involved overdose deaths are considerably higher than female rates. The rate for Black males is more than twice that of White males, almost four times that of Black females, and over eight times higher than White females for 2016-2017. While females experienced a larger percent change increase between 2006-2007 and 2016-2017, the male rates of heroin-involved overdoses are still much higher overall.

Note: Due to small numbers and confidentiality, all other races have been excluded from the counts.