

Miller County Drug Overdose Fact Sheet

15 FATAL

drug overdoses in 2018-2022



Fatal Trends

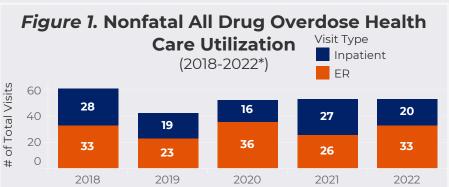
Figure 2: Miller County experienced 15 drug overdose deaths from 2018 to 2022. The majority of these drug overdose deaths (67%) were attributed to non-Heroin opioids, such as Fentanyl, followed by non-opioid substances (33%).

<u>Figure 3:</u> From 2018 to 2022, the 35 to 54 age group accounted for 73% of drug overdose deaths in Miller County. This was followed by the 15 to 34 age group (20%), and the 55+ are group (7%).

Figure 4: Males accounted for 66% of drug overdose deaths in Miller County, while females accounted for the remaining 34%.

Nonfatal Trends

<u>Figure 1:</u> Drug overdose-related hospital visits peaked in 2018 with a total of 61 visits. Miller County residents experienced a significant decrease in hospital visits in 2019 with a total of 42 drug overdose-related hospital visits. From 2020 forward, total visits have remained very consistent.



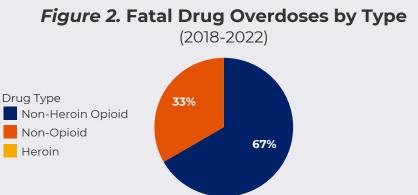
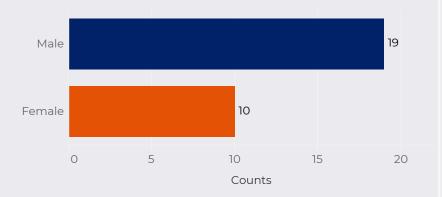


Figure 3. Fatal Drug Overdoses by Age Group (2018-2022)



Figure 4. Fatal Drug Overdoses by Sex (2018-2022)



Sources: Nonfatal data available from the Missouri Patient Abstract System. Fatal data available from the Missouri Vital Statistics Death File.

^{*} Nonfatal 2022 data is provisional and subject to change.