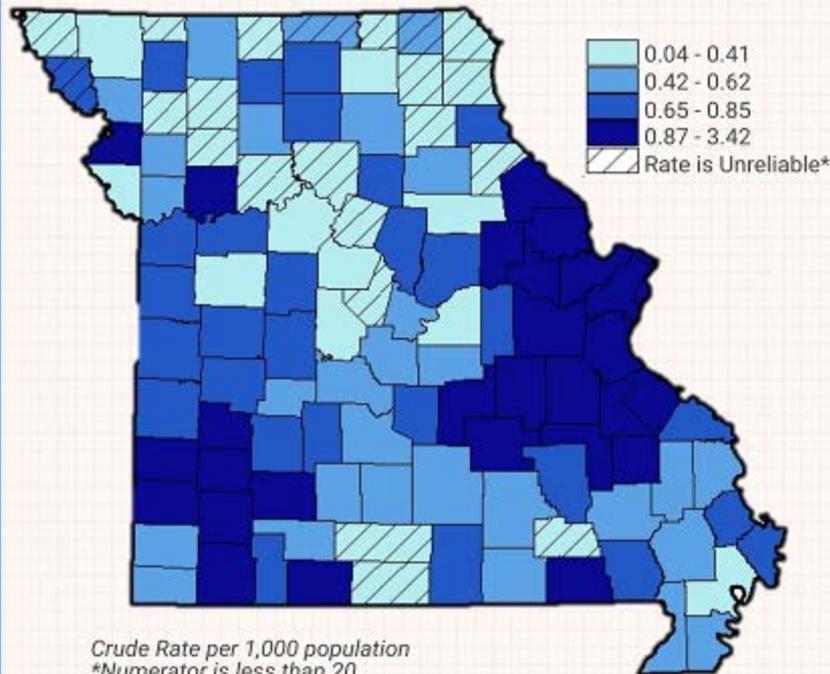




# ER VISITS DUE TO NON-HEROIN OPIOID MISUSE

## 2014 - 2018



Non-heroin opioid-involved misuse (which includes prescription opioids and potentially fentanyl analogs) discharges have a much different distribution statewide than heroin-involved discharges. In the map for heroin-involved misuse, counties in the northern part of the state generally had very low rates. In contrast, for non-heroin opioid-involved misuse, more counties have rates outside the lowest rate grouping. Also, southwestern Missouri has a cluster of counties covering the area from the Arkansas border to northern part of the Springfield metro area in the highest and second highest groupings. While heroin-involved discharges trend more urban, it is clear from this map that non-heroin opioid-involved misuse is problematic in both rural and urban counties, especially with the introduction of fentanyl to Missouri's urban areas.

Crude Rate per 1,000 population  
\*Numerator is less than 20

Source: Bureau of Health Care Analysis and Data Dissemination  
Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services