

Disaster and Emergency Preparedness

19 CSR 30-62.090
Group Homes and Centers

19 CSR 30-61.090
Family Child Care Homes

Effective October 30, 2011. The disaster emergency preparedness rules will clarify the types of disaster drills for which child care facilities need to prepare including: possible lock down, flood, chemical spill, exposure to carbon monoxide, power failure, a kidnapping or a missing child. The rules will also require child care facilities have a written emergency plan.

The Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services' Section for Child Care Regulation has designed an emergency preparedness training that includes step-by-step instructions to create a plan designed specifically for your facility. To locate a training near you, go the Missouri Workshop Calendar at www.mocccrtrainingcalendar.org/index.cfm?go=interface:calendar.month.

Missouri Revised Statute

Chapter 191 Health and Welfare Section 191.776

Child day care facilities, smoking or tobacco use when children are present, prohibited, penalty.

No person shall smoke or otherwise use tobacco products in any area of a child care facility licensed by the Department of Health and Senior Services pursuant to the provisions of sections 210.201 to 210.245 during the period of time when the children cared for under that license are present. Any person who violates the provisions of this section shall be guilty of an infraction.

To obtain a copy of the new rules:

- Contact your child care facility specialist or your Section for Child Care Regulation District Office: health.mo.gov/safety/childcare/offices.php.
- Visit: health.mo.gov/safety/childcare/index.php.
- Email: childcare@health.mo.gov.

This publication is a collaborative effort by the Missouri Department of Health and the Section for Child Care Regulation.



Office of Minority Health
health.mo.gov/living/families/minorityhealth/index.php



Section for Child Care Regulation
health.mo.gov/safety/childcare/index.php

Alternate forms of this publication for persons with disabilities may be obtained by contacting the Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services, Section for Child Care Regulation, P.O. Box 570, Jefferson City, MO, 65102, 573.751.2450. Hearing- and speech-impaired citizens can dial 711. EEO/AAP services provided on a nondiscriminatory basis.

Healthy Child Care



Rules Update

September 2011

New Rules for child care facilities

Safe Sleep Position for Infants

19 CSR 30-62.182 (2)(C)3
Group Homes and Centers

19 CSR 30-61.175(2)(C)3
Family Child Care Homes

Effective July 30, 2011, all children under the age of twelve (12) months of age must be placed on their backs to sleep, and their heads are to remain uncovered during sleep.

Age Appropriate First Aid and CPR Training

19 CSR 30-62.102(1)(O)
Group Homes and Centers

19 CSR 30-61.105(1)(N)
Family Child Care Homes

The new rule states at least one staff member be on site with CPR and First Aid training at all times. This will help assure that child care providers are adequately trained to handle medical emergencies with the children in their care.

First Aid/CPR training may count toward annual clock hour training requirements. CPR training may be obtained from the American Red Cross, American Heart Association, American Safety Health Institute, or any other entity approved by the department. Clock hours will be granted for these trainings.

Beginning January 1, 2012, the Section for Child Care Regulation will review staff records to determine compliance with this new requirement.

TB Testing

19 CSR 30-62.122(1)(B) and (E)
Group Homes and Centers

19 CSR 30-61.125(1)(E) and (H)
Family Child Care Homes

Effective October 30, 2011, the amendment will drop the requirement of an annual TB test for child care providers. The new rule requirement applies to child care personnel at the time of their initial employment at a child care facility. A Risk Assessment for Tuberculosis will be added to the medical form. The provider will give this to their physician to review when they receive their required medical examination. After this evaluation, they will not be required to have any further TB testing, unless they have had contact with someone who has an active case of TB.

New Requirements for Cribs

As of June 28, 2011, all cribs sold in the United States must meet new federal requirements for overall crib safety. The new rules, which apply to full-size and non full-size cribs, prohibit the manufacture or sale of traditional drop-side rail cribs, strengthen crib slats and mattress supports, improve the quality of hardware and require more rigorous testing.

Beginning December 28, 2012, any crib provided by child care facilities and family child care homes must meet the new standards.

For a list of questions and answers go to www.cpsc.gov/onsafety/2011/06/the-new-crib-standard-questions-and-answers.

