



# Missouri Weekly Influenza Report 2012-2013 Season

**Missouri is reporting “Local” to the CDC for Week 13.**

To view influenza maps click here. Each map will give county data by placing the cursor over the county. To view progression maps of influenza throughout the state by jurisdiction click here, or by rate click here.

**Table 1. Reported Laboratory cases by sub-type for the Week ending March 30, 2013 (Week 13)**

Serogroups	A (non-typed)	A (H1)	A (H1N1)	A (H3)	B	A or B Untyped (rapid test)	Total
<b>Week 13</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>245</b>

A total of seven specimens were received by the State Public Health Laboratory for viral testing during week 13. Two were positive for Influenza A H3, one was positive for Influenza B, and four were negative.

No variant influenza viruses have been detected in Missouri as of this report for the 2012-2013 influenza season.

CDC has antigenically characterized 38 isolates so far this influenza season from Missouri: 20 were B/WISCONSIN/01/2010-LIKE, 12 were A/Victoria/361/2011-LIKE (H3N2) GP, two was B/BRISBANE/60/2008-LIKE, and four A/CALIFORNIA/07/2009-LIKE (H1N1)pdm09. Both the influenza A (H3N2) component and the influenza B component are in the 2012-2013 influenza vaccine for the Northern Hemisphere. The national antigenic characterization results may be found in the CDC weekly flu report at <http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/>.

Missouri has no reported Influenza-Associated Pediatric deaths as of week 13 for the 2012-2013 influenza season.

**Table 2. Reported Positive Influenza Tests  
Season-to-Date and 5-season Median by Influenza Type  
Through Week Ending March 30, 2013 (Week 13)**

Influenza Type	2012-2013 Season	5-Season Median	% Change from 5-Season Median
<b>Influenza A</b>	<b>14,025</b>	<b>17,637</b>	<b>( 20.5%)</b>
<b>Influenza B</b>	<b>20,154</b>	<b>3,354</b>	<b>500.9%</b>
<b>Influenza Unknown Or Untyped</b>	<b>1,983</b>	<b>1,243</b>	<b>59.5%</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>36,162</b>	<b>20,065</b>	<b>80.2%</b>

**NOTE:** The influenza counts presented each week do not reflect the actual number of influenza cases in the state. These counts are the number of patients who have been tested by a health care provider, have had a positive flu test, and were reported to public health. Influenza can cause mild to severe illness. Most individuals with mild illness do not seek medical attention or go to a doctor. Those who are ill enough to go to a doctor are not always tested. All data in this report are provisional.

**Table 3. Reported Positive Influenza Tests Season-to-Date and 5-season Median by Age Group Through Week Ending March 30, 2013 (Week 13)**

Age Group	2012-2013 Season	5-Season Median	% Change from 5-Season Median
00-<02	2,843	1,821	56.1%
02-04	5,128	3,404	50.6%
05-14	12,658	6,307	100.7%
15-24	3,134	2,587	21.1%
25-49	6,705	3,413	96.5%
50-64	3,062	1,261	142.8%
65+	2,632	782	236.6%
<b>Total</b>	<b>36,162</b>	<b>20,065</b>	<b>80.2%</b>

**Table 4. Reported Positive Influenza Tests Season-to-Date and 5-season Median by District Through Week Ending March 30, 2013 (Week 13)**

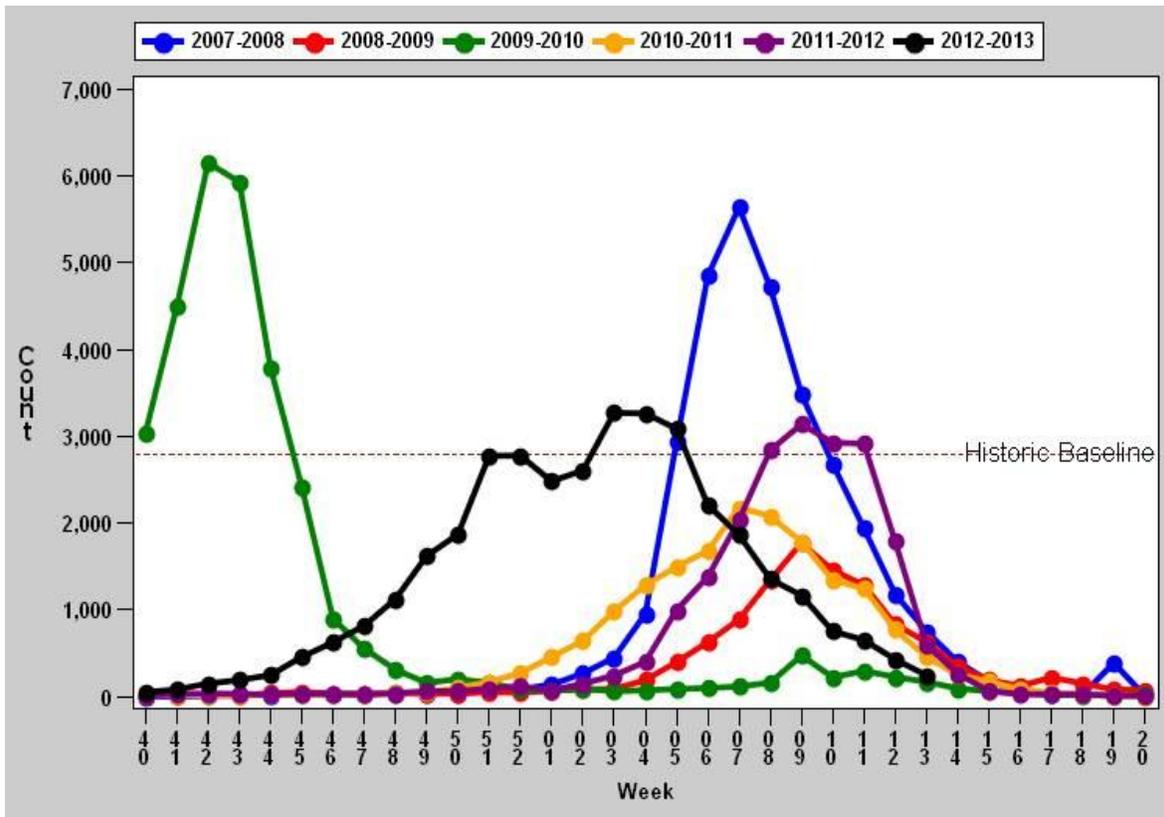
District	2012-2013 Season	5-Season Median	% Change from 5-Season Median
CE	4,888	3,300	48.1%
EA	8,925	5,903	51.2%
NW	11,242	6,357	76.8%
SE	5,529	2,083	165.4%
SW	5,578	3,629	53.7%
<b>Total</b>	<b>36,162</b>	<b>20,065</b>	<b>80.2%</b>

**Table 5. Positive Respiratory Virus Results Tested by the Missouri State Public Health Laboratory Reported Season-To-Date Through the Week ending March 30, 2013 (Week 13)**

Respiratory Virus	Positive Results 2012-2013 Season	% of Tests Positive
Influenza (all types)	115	97%
Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV)		
Parainfluenza Virus	4	3%
Adenovirus		
Enterovirus		
Cytomegalovirus (CMV)		
Rhinovirus		
<b>Total</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>100%</b>

**Note:** Of the viruses listed in Table 5, influenza is the only one that is reportable in Missouri. For a complete list of reportable diseases and conditions: <http://health.mo.gov/living/healthcondiseases/communicable/communicabledisease/index.php>

**Graph 1. Reported Influenza Cases 2012-2013 Season-To-Date as compared to the previous Five Influenza Seasons Through the Week Ending March 30, 2013 (Week 13)**



**Note:** Historic Baseline is calculated as the mean weekly count of the reported confirmed flu cases plus 3 standard deviation from the 2008-2009, 2010-2011 and 2011-2012 flu seasons.

**Table 6. Deaths involving Pneumonia and Influenza (P&I) Reported During the Week Ending March 23, 2013 (Week 12)**

Week 12	Season-to-Date 2012-2013	Season-to-Date 2011-2012	Week 12 Last Season	5 Year Weekly Median
107	2,253	2,408	111	111

**Table 7. Outbreaks/School Closures Due to Influenza-like Illness Reported During the Week Ending March 30, 2013 (Week 13)**

	Outbreaks		School Closures	
	Current Season 2012-2013	Previous Season 2011-2012	Current Season 2012-2013	Previous Season 2011-2012
Week 13	0	1	0	0
Season-to-Date (Week 40-Week 13)	6	13	14	14

**Outbreaks/School Closures due to Influenza-like Illness:** No school closures were reported for week 13 of the current season and no outbreaks were reported for week 13.

**Table 8. U.S. Outpatient Influenza-like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet) by County Influenza-like Illness (ILI) for the Week Ending March 30, 2013 (Week 13)**

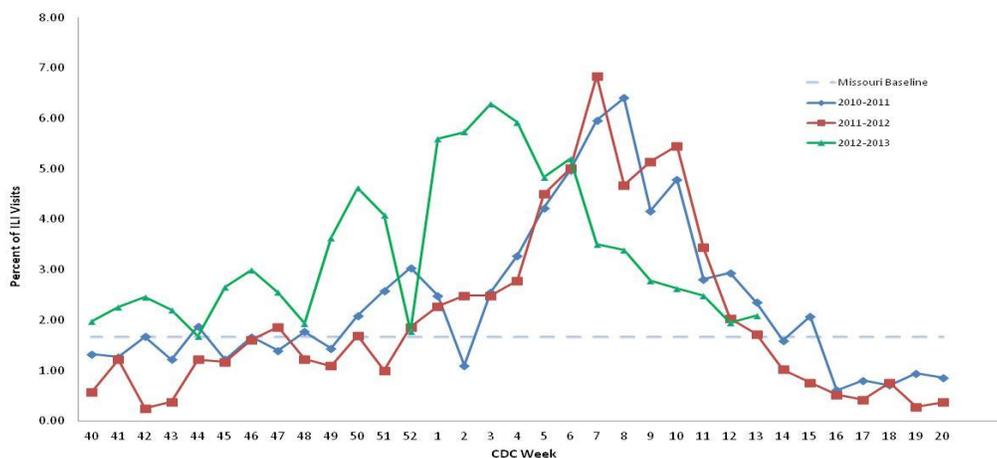
Jurisdiction	Age 0-4	Age 5-24	Age 25-49	Age 50-64	Age 65+	Total ILI Patients Seen	Total Patients Seen	Percent ILI
Adair								
Audrain	0	0	0	0	0	0	151	0
Boone								
Callaway								
Cape Girardeau	0	0	0	0	0	0	38	0
Clay								
Cole	7	12	8	8	6	41	589	6.96
Gasconade								
Greene								
Iron								
Jackson	0	0	0	0	0	0	175	0
Kansas City	10	15	23	3	5	56	2525	2.22
Knox	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
Marion	0	0	0	0	0	0	82	0
McDonald	0	0	0	0	0	0	170	0
Moniteau	0	0	0	0	0	0	137	0
Nodaway	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
Pettis	0	0	0	0	0	0	238	0
Phelps	0	0	0	0	0	0	102	0
Putnam	0	0	0	0	0	0	264	0
Reynolds	0	0	0	0	0	0	41	0
Saline	0	1	1	0	0	2	185	1.08
St. Clair	0	0	0	0	0	0	44	0
<b>State Total</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>4748</b>	<b>2.09</b>

\*Only counties with sentinel provider(s) are listed above.

\*\*To learn about ILINet, view the following website: <http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/fluactivitysurv.htm>

\*\*\*This is the below the national baseline of 2.2%.

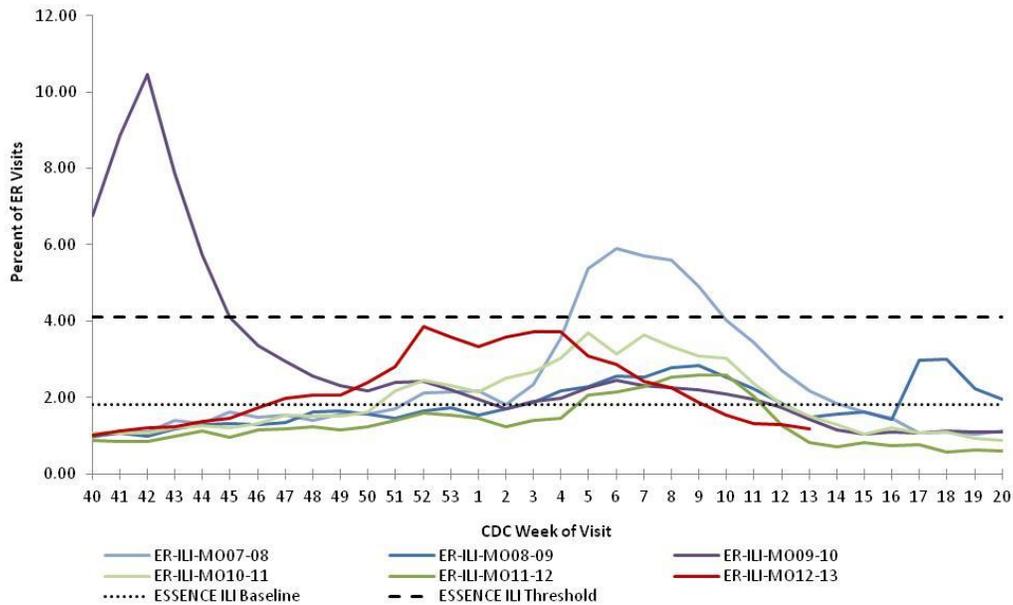
**Graph 2. Percentage of Visits for Influenza-like-Illness (ILI) Reported by the Missouri Outpatient ILI Surveillance Network (ILINet) 2012-2013 Season-To-Date as compared to the previous Two Influenza Seasons Through the Week Ending March 30, 2013 (Week 13)**



ILINet baseline refers to the mean of the values during previous three influenza seasons (week 40-20, 2008-2009, 2010-11 and 2011-12) with low influenza activity.

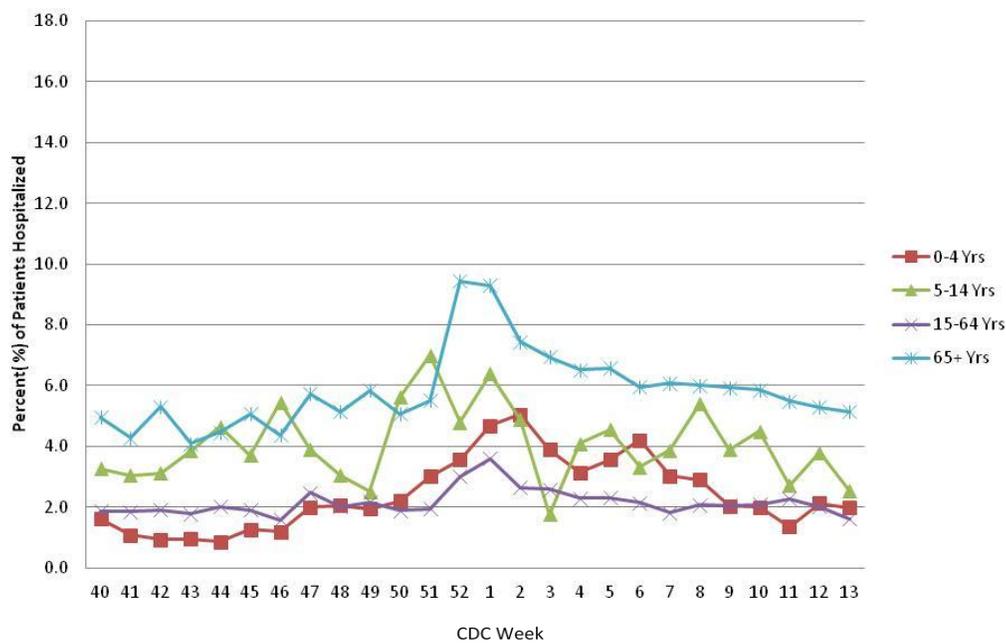
The proportion of patient visits for influenza-like illness decreased to 2.09% for week ending March 30, 2013 (Week 13). This is above Missouri’s baseline of 1.66%.

**Graph 3. Weekly Percentage of Influenza-like Illness Chief Complaints in ESSENCE Participating Hospitals 2007-2013 Influenza Seasons Through the Week Ending March 30, 2013 (Week 13)**



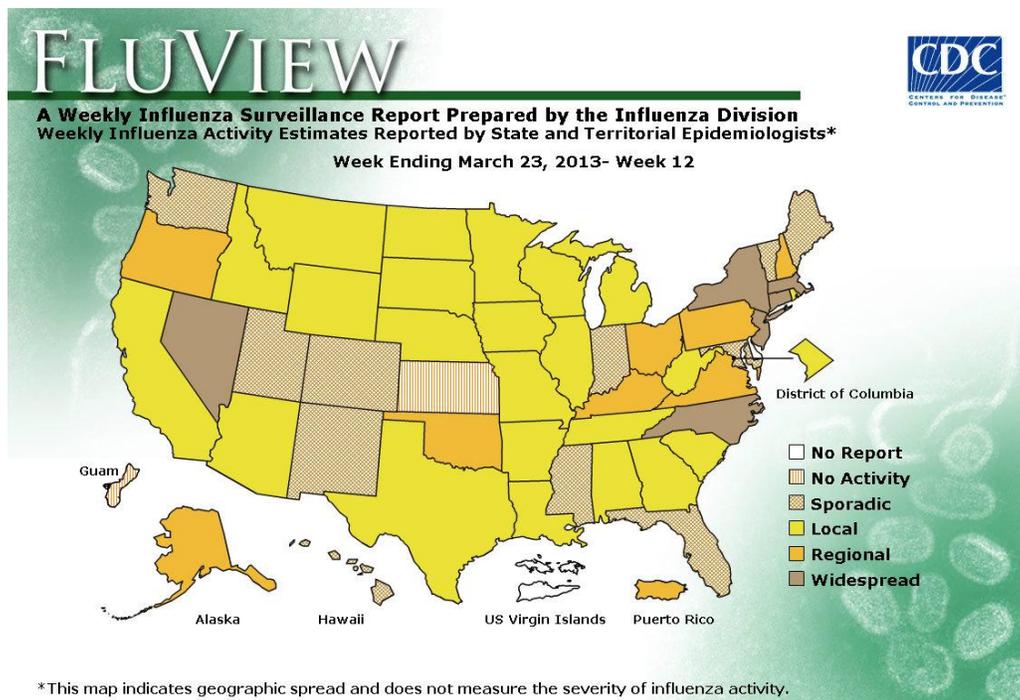
\*ESSENCE ILI Baseline is the mean of the values during previous influenza seasons (week 40-20, 2006-07, 2008-09 and 2010-2011) when influenza activity was low.  
 \*ESSENCE ILI Threshold refers to the mean plus 3 standard deviations of the values during previous influenza seasons (weeks 40-20, 2006-07, 2008-09 and 2010-2011) when influenza activity was low.

**Graph 4. Percentage of Patients Hospitalized for Influenza and/or Pneumonia Syndromes Following Emergency Department Visits, By Age Group from 90 Participating Missouri Hospitals Through the Week Ending March 30, 2013 (Week 13)**



\*Please use caution when comparing current 2011-2013 influenza season inpatient hospitalization numbers to previous years due to major revisions to the inpatient database environment.

The 0-4 year age group has decreased to 1.99%, the 5-14 year age group has decreased to 2.54%, the 15-64 year age group has decreased to 1.62%, and the 65 and older age group has decreased to 5.14% in Week 13.



For the week ending March 30, 2013 (Week 13), Missouri reported **Local** to the CDC. Local is defined as: Increased ILI in 1 region; ILI activity in other regions is not increased **And** recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab evidence of influenza in region with increased ILI. **OR** Two or more institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in 1 region; ILI activity in other regions is not increased **And** recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab evidence of influenza in region with the outbreak and virus activity is no greater than sporadic in other regions.

For the week ending March 23, 2013 (Week 12), Flu View reported six states with widespread activity, eight states reported regional influenza activity, 23 states reported local influenza activity, 11 states reported sporadic influenza activity, one state reported no influenza activity, and one state did not report. The influenza activity reported by state and territorial epidemiologists indicates geographic spread of influenza viruses, but does not measure the severity of influenza activity.

Influenza activity codes are reported to CDC each Tuesday. The current U.S. influenza weekly report (FluView) may be found at <http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/fluactivitysurv.htm>.

**Antiviral Resistance:** For more information on antiviral medications, please see <http://www.cdc.gov/flu/professionals/antivirals/index.htm>.

**International Influenza Activity:** The CDC compiles information from several sources and releases an international influenza summary. This report can be found at <http://www.cdc.gov/flu/international/activity.htm>.

**Information regarding Infection Control of Influenza:** Information on the control of influenza in various health care settings may be found on the CDC website at <http://www.cdc.gov/flu/professionals/infectioncontrol/>

## Contact Us

The Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services after hours number for reporting disease cases and emergencies is **1-800-392-0272**.

**Data Sources:** Laboratory-confirmed cases of influenza are reported to DHSS through the passive communicable disease surveillance system. Laboratory-confirmed testing methods include: PCR, Culture, and Rapid methodology. Suspected influenza clusters and outbreaks are reported through the active surveillance system. Pneumonia and influenza deaths are reported through the DHSS Bureau of Vital Records. Influenza-like illness data by age category and total number of patient visits by week are reported voluntarily by participants in the U.S. Outpatient Influenza-like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet).