

2004 Diabetes Statewide and BRFSS Regional Fact Sheets

Using 2003 data



St. Louis Metropolitan Statistical Area (STL MSA) Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance Survey (BRFSS) Region

	STL MSA BRFSS Region Rate	State Rate
M ortality ^{1*}		
Diabetes as the underlying cause of death	27.2/100,000	26.9/100,000
H ospitalization ^{1*}		
Diabetes (based on inpatient hospital discharges)	17.7/10,000	16.9/10,000
Preventable Hospitalizations from diabetes among those less than 65 years old (based on acute care hospital discharges)	8.7/10,000	8.7/10,000
E mergency Room Visits ^{1*}		
Primary Diagnosis	1.3/1,000	1.5/1,000
P revalence of Diabetes ^{2†}		
Total	5.0%	6.9%
Race/ethnicity		
White Non-Hispanic	4.7%	6.8%
Black Non-Hispanic	5.4%	6.8%
Other Non-Hispanic	##	8.3%
Hispanic	##	11.6%
Age		
18-24	##	.30%
25-34	1.7%	1.3%
35-44	.70% ^L	3.6%
45-54	5.9%	7.1%
55-64	13.4%	12.9%
65-74	13.9%	15.8%
75+	5.9%	15.6%
Annual Household Income		
<\$15,000	##	13.5%
\$15,000-24,999	3.7%	9.1%
\$25,000-49,999	4.7%	6.0%
>\$50,000	4.2%	4.0%
Employment Status		
Employed	3.7%	4.1%
Unemployed	##	1.8%
Other	##	2.9%
Retired	9.8%	16.2%
Disabled	##	21.5%

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	STL MSA BRFSS Region Rate	State Rate
P revalence of Diabetes Continued ^{2†}		
Educational Attainment		
<High School	##	11.3%
High School Graduate	4.7%	7.3%
Some College or Technical School	6.2%	6.5%
College or Technical School Graduate	4.9%	4.9%
P reventive Care Practices among people with physician diagnosed diabetes ^{2†}		
At least 1 Physician Visit for Diabetes in the last year	##	90.2%
A1C test: 2 or more times in last year	##	77.5%
Annual Eye exam	##	67.2%
Annual Foot Exam by a Health Care Professional	##	75.1%
Diabetes education: ever	##	54.5%
Annual Flu Immunization	##	60.2%
Pneumonia Immunization	##	51.0%
R isk Factors for complications among those with physician diagnosed diabetes ^{2†}		
Overweight (BMI 25 to <30)	##	40.4%
Obese (BMI 30+)	##	44.0%
Physical Inactivity (no physical activity)	##	60.1%

indicates that the prevalence or rate is not significantly above or below state prevalence or rate

H indicates that the prevalence or rate is significantly above the state prevalence or rate

L indicates that the prevalence or rate is significantly below the state prevalence or rate

*Rates are age adjusted to the 2000 U.S. standard population

† Respondents are 18 years of age or older with physician diagnosed diabetes

Prevalence information not available (insufficient sample size to generate statistics)

¹ Missouri Information for Community Assessment. (2005). <http://www.dhss.mo.gov/MICA/>. Retrieved August 3, 2005.

² 2003 Missouri Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Office of Surveillance, Evaluation, Planning, and Health Information. Division of Community and Public Health, Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services.



This publication was supported by CDC Grant/Cooperative Agreement Number 03022, Missouri Diabetes Prevention and Control Program and Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance Project, Cooperative Agreement Number U32/CCU722693-03. Its contents are solely the responsibility of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official views of CDC.