# St. Louis

**BRFSS** Region

Metro

# Asthma Fact Sheet: 2008-2009

### **PREVALENCE**

- Based on prevalence estimates, approximately 160,000 adults and over 71,000 children younger than age 18 in the St. Louis Metro region are currently living with asthma.
- Current asthma prevalence among adults living in the St. Louis Metro region was 10.1 percent (95% confidence interval [CI] 6.6 13.6), compared to 9.5 percent (95% CI 8.1 10.9) for adults in the entire state.
- Current asthma prevalence among children was higher at 14.0 percent (95% CI 9.0 18.9) in the St. Louis Metro Region, compared to 10.1 percent (95% CI 7.8 12.4) for all children in Missouri, but this difference was not statistically significant.

## ASTHMA EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT VISITS There were 12,955 asthma emergency department (ED) visits in the St. Louis Metro region in 2008.

- The age-adjusted asthma ED visit rate was 6.4 per 1,000 persons, which was significantly higher than the state rate (5.2 per 1,000). See table for county and city ED rates.
- This region accounted for 43.6 percent of Missouri's total asthma ED visits.
- Children accounted for 51.6 percent of all asthma ED visits in this region, compared to 42.6 percent for the state as a whole.
- African-Americans made up 19.6 percent of the region's population, but accounted for 63.0 percent of all asthma ED visits in this region.
- ED visit rates were similar among females and males (6.4 [95% CI 6.3 6.6] versus 6.3 [95% CI 6.2 6.5] per 1,000).

### ASTHMA HOSPITALIZATION RATES

There were 3,592 asthma hospitalizations in the St. Louis Metro region in 2008.

- The age-adjusted asthma hospitalization rate was 17.3 per 10,000, which was significantly higher than the state rate. See table for county and city hospitalization rates.
- Children accounted for 39.2 percent of all asthma hospitalizations in this region, compared to 42.6 percent for the state as a whole.
- African-Americans made up 19.6 percent of the region's population, but accounted for 57.2 percent of all asthma hospitalizations in the region.
- Asthma led to 10,359 days of hospital care with an average of 2.9 days per hospitalization.



• Charges totaled \$42.7 million for asthma hospitalizations.

### **DATA SOURCES**

Prevalence Data: Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services. Missouri Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2008 and 2009. Available at: http://health.mo.gov/data/brfss/index.php

EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT AND HOSPITALIZATION DATA: Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services, Bureau of Health Informatics. Missouri Information for Community Assessment (MICA). Available at: http://health.mo.gov/data/mica/EmergencyRoomMICA

POPULATION DATA: Missouri Census Data Center. 2008 Population Estimates for Missouri and the United States. http://mcdc2.missouri.edu/trends/estimates.shtml and Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services. Population MICA. Available at: http://health.mo.gov/data/mica/PopulationMICA

# Age-adjusted asthma emergency department visits and hospitalization rates by county, St. Louis Metro region, Missouri, 2008

	Emergency Department Visits Rate Per 1,000		Hospitalizations Rate per 10,000	
County	Rate	95% CI	Rate	95% CI
Franklin	3.8	3.5 - 4.3	9.4	7.5 - 11.5
Jefferson	3.4	3.2 - 3.7	9.8	8.5 - 11.2
Lincoln	4.9	4.3 - 5.5	6.9	4.8 - 9.6
St. Charles	3.2	3.0 - 3.4	8.3	7.4 - 9.4
St. Louis Co.	6.7*	6.5 - 6.8	18.0*	17.2 - 18.9
St. Louis City	12.2*	11.8 - 12.6	34.2*	32.3 - 36.3
Warren	3.4	2.8 - 4.2	9.3	6.3 - 13.4
Region	6.4*	6.3 - 6.5	17.3*	16.7 - 17.8
State	5.2	5.1 - 5.2	13.8	13.5 - 14.1

\*Rate significantly higher than the state rate.

Note: Emergency department rates have been age adjusted based on the U.S. 2000 standard population; county and regional data are reported by patient residence.