Resources

Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services

http://health.mo.gov/living/healthcondiseases/tbi/index.php

Brain Injury Association of America

http://www.biausa.org

Centers for Disease Control & Prevention

http://www.cdc.gov

LearnNet

http://www.projectlearnet.org/index.html

Project Brain

http://www.tndisability.org/brain

Traumatic Brain Injury Networking Team Resource Network

http://cokidswithbraininjury.com/

BrainLine Kids

http://Brainline.org

"The Simple, Science-Backed Way to Nurture Your Child's Developing Mind from Birth to Age 3 Bright from the Start"

By Dr. Jill Stamm, Ph.D.

National Collaborative for Children with Brain Injury

http://cbirt.org/nccbi/

Each year, approximately 40% of traumatic brain injuries (TBI) in the United States happen to children.

- More than 60,000 children and adolescents are hospitalized annually with moderate to severe brain injuries.
- More than 630,000 children are seen for TBIs in hospital emergency rooms and released.

Approximately 145,000 children aged 0–19 are currently living with long-lasting, significant alterations in social, behavioral, physical, and cognitive functioning following a TBI.

Because of shortened hospital stays and the chronic problems arising from childhood TBI, the primary service provider for children and adolescents with TBI has become schools. In 1990, TBI was added to federal special education law as an educational disability. Since then, local, regional, and state Department of Education (DOE) personnel have designed services attempting to meet these students' needs. The National Collaborative on Children's Brain Injury (NCCBI) was formed to develop recommendations for building statewide capacity to support students with brain injury.